THE
North-Carolina Standard.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FRANK. I. WILSON, Associate Editor.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, invariably in advance.
TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, invariably in advance.
All papers are discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid.

Terms of Advertising in the Standard.

Our regular rates of advertising are as follows:
One square, (14 lines or less) first insertion, - $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, - - - - 25
Longer advertisements in proportion.

Contracts will be made with advertisers, *at the above regular rates*, for six or twelve months, and at the close of the contract 33⅓ per cent. will be deducted from the gross amount.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $5 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

*** Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

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City Constables.—E. E. Harris,
Wm. N. Andrews.
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E. E. Harris, Clerk of the market.
B. F. Moore, City Attorney.

COURTS.
The *Supreme Court* of North-Carolina is held in this city semi-annually, on the second Monday in June, and the 30th day of December.
Judges.—Hon. Frederick Nash, Chief Justice,
R. M. Pearson, Associate Judge,
W. H. Battle, " "
Edmund B. Freeman, Clerk,
Oliver H. Perry, Assistant do.
Ham. C. Jones, Reporter,
J. J. Litchford, Sr., Marshall.

The *United States Circuit Court* for the District of North-Carolina is held semi-annually in this city, on the 1st Monday in June and the last Monday in November.
Judges.—Hon. J. M. Wayne, of Georgia,
Hon. Henry Potter, of Fayetteville,
District Attorney, Robert P. Dick,
Clerk, Wm. H. Haywood,
Marshall, Wesley Jones.

The *Superior Court* for this County, is held on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September.
John C. Moore, Clerk.
Jos. B. Bachelor, Attorney General and Solicitor of the fourth Judicial District.

The *Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions* is held on the third Monday in February, May, August and November.
Jeff. Utley, Clerk.
Chairman of the County Court, William Boylan.
County Solicitor, K. P. Marriott.
Sheriff of Wake County, William H. High.
Coroner, Willis Scott.
Register, H. Hudson.

Bank of the State of North-Carolina, incorporated 1880. Charter expires in 1860. Capital $1,500,000, divided into 15,000 shares, of which the Literary Board holds 5,027 and the University 1,000.
Principal Bank at Raleigh.
George W. Mordecai, President,
Charles Dewey, Cashier,
J. H. Bryan, Jr., Teller and Notary Public.
W. E. Anderson, Discount Clerk and Notary Public,
Jordan Womble, Jr., Clerk.
This Bank has branches at Newbern, Tarboro', Fayetteville, Wilmington, Elizabeth City, Charlotte, Milton, Morganton and Windsor.

DIRECTORS.
On the part of the State: D. W. Courts, Public Treasurer, *ex-officio*, L. O'B. Branch and W. R. Poole.
On the part of the Stockholders: Wm. Boylan, Wm. Peace, J. H. Bryan, J. B. G. Roulhac, Alfred Jones and B. F. Moore.
Offering and Renewal day—Tuesday.
Discount day—Wednesday.
Business hours from 10 till 3 o'clock.

Raleigh Branch of the Bank of Cape Fear.
William H. Jones, Cashier,
R. P. Finch, Teller and Notary Public.
DIRECTORS.
Geo. W. Haywood, T. H. Selby, Seth Jones, George Little, Dr. Thos. D. Hogg and C. W. D. Hutchings.
Offering day—Monday.
Discount day—Tuesday.

RAIL ROADS.
Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company.
R. A. Hamilton, President,
W. W. Vass, Treasurer,
J. M. Pool, Assistant Treasurer,
C. B. Allen, Depot Agent.
Mail Train leaves 10 minutes after 7 A. M., arrives at 6¼ P. M.

North-Carolina Railroad Company.
Chas. F. Fisher, President,
C. P. Mendenhall, Treasurer,
J. T. West, Freight and Ticket Agent.
Mail Train arrives at 5 o'clock, A. M., from the East; and departs 10m. after 5 o'clock, A. M.
Mail from the West arrives about the same time.

POST OFFICE.
William White, Sr., Post Master.
Office hours, on week days, from Sun-rise to 9 P. M.

State of parties in the House of Representatives.

The following list of the members of the present House of Representatives, with the political parties into which they are divided, will be found worthy of preservation:

Maine.
1. *John M. Wood, K. N.*,
2. *John J. Perry, K. N.*,
3. *Ebenezer Knowlton, K. N.*,
4. *Samuel P. Benson*,
5. *Israel Washburn*,
6. Thomas J. D. Fuller, D.

New Hampshire.
1. *James Pike, K. N.*,
2. *Mason W. Tappan, K. N.*,
3. *Aaron H. Cragin, K. N.*

Vermont.
1. *James Meacham*,
2. *Justin S. Morrill, K. N.*,
3. *Alcah Sabin.*

Massachusetts.
Robert B. Hall, K. N.,
James Buffington, K. N.,
William S. Damrell, K. N.,
Linus B. Comins, K. N.,
Anson Burlingame. K. N.,
6. *Timothy Davis. K. N.*,
7. *Nathaniel P. Banks, KN.*,
8. *Chauncey L. Knapp, KN.*,
9. *Alexander De Witt, K. N.*,
10. *Calvin C. Chaffee, K. N.*,
11. *Mark Trafton, K. N.*

Rhode Island.
1. *Nathaniel B. Durfee, K. N.*
2. *Benj. B. Thurston, K. N.*,

Connecticut.
1. *Ezra Clarke, K. N.*,
2. *John Woodruff, K. N.*,
3. *Sidney Dean, K. N.*,
4. *William W. Welch, K. N.*

New York.
1. William W. Valk, K. N.,
2. *J. S. Stranahan, K. N.*,
3. *Guy R. Pelton, K. N.*,
4. John Kelly, D.,
5. Thos. R. Whitney, K. N.,
6. John Wheeler, K. N.,
7. *Thomas Childs, K. N.*,
8. *Abram Wakeman, K. N.*,
9. Bayard Clark, K. N.,
10. *Ambrose S. Murray*,
11. *Rufus H. King, K. N.*,
12. *Killian Miller, K. N.*,
13. *Russel Sage, K. N.*,
14. *Samuel Dickson*,
15. *Edward Dodd, K. N.*,
16. *George A. Simmons*,
17. *Francis E. Spinner*,
18. *Thomas R. Horton*,
19. *Jona. A. Hughston*,
20. *Orasmus B. Matteson, KN*
21. *Henry Bennett, K. N.*,
22. *Andrew J. McCarty, KN.*,
23. *William A. Gilbert*,
24. *Amos P. Granger*,
25. *Elwin B. Morey*,
26. *Andrew Oliver*,
27. *John M. Parker*,
28. *William H. Kelsey*,
29. *John Williams, D.*,
30. *Benjamin Pringle*,
31. *Thomas T. Flagler, K. N.*,
32. Solomon G. Haven, K. N.,
33. *Francis S. Edwards, K. N.*

New Jersey.
Isaiah D. Clawson, K. N.,
George R. Robbins, K. N.,
3. *James Bishop, K. N.*,
4. George Vail, D.,
5. *Alex. C. M. Pennington, K. N.*

Pennsylvania.
1. Thomas B. Florence, D.,
2. *Job R. Tyson, K. N.*,
3. William Milward, K. N.,
4. Jacob Broom, K. N.,
5. John Cadwalader, D.,
6. John Hickman, D.,
7. *S. C. Bradshaw, K. N.*,
8. *Benj. Stanton, K. N.*,
9. *A. E. Roberts, K. N.*,
10. *John C. Kunkel, K. N.*,
11. *H. Campbell, K. N.*,
12. *Thomas M. Fuller, K. N.*,
13. Albert G. Watkins, D.,
14. *Phileman Bliss*,
15. *Wm. R. Sapp, K. N.*,
16. *Edward Ball, K. N.*,
17. *C. J. Albright, K. N.*,
18. *Benj. F. Leiter, K. N.*,
19. *Edward Wade*,
20. *Joshua R. Giddings*,
21. *David Ritchie, K. N.*,
22. *S. A. Purviance, K. N.*,
23. *John Allison, K. A.*,
24. David Barclay, D.,
25. *John Dick, K. N.*

Delaware.
1. Elisha D. Cullen, K. N.

Maryland.
1. James A. Stewart, D.,
2. J. B. Ricaud, K. N.,
3. J. M. Harris, K. N.,
4. H. W. Davis, K. N.,
5. H. W. Hoffman, K. N.,
6. *T. F. Bowie, D.

Virginia.
1. Thomas H. Bayly, D.,
2. John S. Millson, D.,
3. John S Caskie, D.,
4. William O. Goode, D.,
5. Thomas S. Bocock, D.,
6. Paulus Powell, D.,
7. William Smith, D.,
8. Chas. J. Faulkner, D.,
9. John Letcher, D.,
10. Zedekiah Kidwell, D.,
11. John S. Carlile, K. N.,
12. H. A. Edmundson, D.,
13. Fayette McMullen, D.

North Carolina.
1. Robert T. Paine, K. N.,
2. Thomas Ruffin, D.,
3. Warren Winslow, D.,
4. L. O'B. Branch, D.,
5. Edwin G. Reade, K. N.,
6. R. C. Puryear, K. N.,
7. Burton Craige, D.,
8. T. L. Clingman, D.

South Carolina.
1. John McQueen, D.,
2. William Aiken, D.,
3. Lawrence M. Keitt, D.,
4. Preston S. Brooks, D.,
5. James L. Orr, D.,
6. Wm. W. Boyce, D.

Georgia.
1. James L. Seward, D.,
2. M. J. Crawford, D.,
3. Robert F. Trippe, K. N.,
4. Hiram Warner, D.,
5. John H. Lumpkin, D.,
6. Howell Cobb, D.,
7. N. G. Foster, K. N.,
8. Alex. H. Stephens, D.

Alabama.
1. Percy Walker, K. N.,
2. Eli S. Shorter, D.,
3. James F. Dowdell, D.,
4. William R. Smith, K. N.,
5. George S. Houston, D.,
6. W. R. W. Cobb, D.,
7. Sampson W. Harris, D.

Mississippi.
1. Daniel B. Wright, D.,
2. Hendley S. Bennett, D.,
3. William Barksdale, D.,
4. William A. Lake, K. N.,
5. John A. Quitman, D.

Louisiana.
1. George Eustis, K. N.,
2. Miles Taylor, D.,
3. Thomas G. Davidson, D.,
4. John M. Sandige, D.

Ohio.
1. *Timothy C. Day*,
2. J. S. Harrison, K. N.,
3. *L. D. Campbell, K. N.*,
4. *Matthias H. Nichols*,
5. *Richard Mott*,
6. *J. Reece Emrie, K. N.*,
7. *Aaron Harlan, K. N.*,
8. *Benj. Stanton, K. N.*,
9. *C. K. Watson, K. N.*,
10. Oscar F. Moore, K. N.,
11. *P. B. Horton, K. N.*,
12. *Samuel Galloway, K. N.*,
13. *John Sherman, K. N.*

NORTH-CAROLINA STATE FAIR.

Report of Awarding Committees for the Fourth Annual Fair, held in Raleigh, October, 1856.

THOROUGHBRED HORSES.

2d best Stallion, 5 years old, "Secession," Joshah Turner, Hillsboro', $15
Best Brood Mare, 4 years old, "Laura," R. A. Hamilton, Raleigh, 20
2d best Brood Mare, 14 y'rs old, "Priam," P. C. Cameron, Orange, 10
Best Brood Mare and Colt, 4 years old, "Anna Chase," J. Turner, Orange, 20
Best Filly, 4 y'rs old, Thos. I. Faison, Sampson, 10

With regard to the Morgan Stock, we consider the purity of blood of the Horses of Drs. Moore and Stradwick, "Saratoga," and "Carolina Black Hawk," equal, and worthy of a premium of $30 each, as the Executive Committee may think proper; and Dr. Stradwick's Sorrel mare, "Jenny Lind," the best exhibited, and deserving of a premium of $10."

THOS. I. FAISON,
J M BULLOCK,
E P JONES

SINGLE HARNESS AND SADDLE HORSES

Best single harness mare, "Jenny Lind," Dr W S Stradwick, Orange, $20
Best single harness horse, raised in the State, "Peacock," Dr G W Blacknall, Granville, 20
2d do do do "Jim," W M Barford, Granville, 15
Best saddle horse, Jno Wimbush, Granville, 20
2d best do do "Aleck," J P Turner, Orange, 15

The undersigned, the only two of the committee who acted on the above, beg leave respectfully to make the above report. They have examined some of the Morgan stock of horses, and would say, they have never seen horses of superior style and action.

E D McNAIR,
JAS E WILLIAMSON.

MATCHED HORSES

Best pair matched carriage horses, Mrs Thos Bragg, Raleigh, $25
Best do do do raised in the State, E D McNair, 25
2d best do do do raised in the State, J C Branson, Randolph, 20

P A DUNN
J K MARRIOTT,
JNO. F FORD

HORSES FOR ROAD AND FARM WORK

Best stallion, 6 years old, "Blacksman," J M Mangum, Wake, $25
Best stallion colt, 2 years old, "Telegraph," Thos M Lloyd, Orange, 15
Best stallion under 2 y'rs old, "Selim," 1 y'r old, T F Bailey, Granville, 10
Best brood mare, over 4 years old, "Nelly," S O'Bryan, Person, 15
Best filly, over 2, under 4 y'rs old, E Donnel, Guilford, 10

David Cheek offered the 2d best stallion under 2 years old, but no premium was offered

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr
JNO H NEAL,
ELI SMITH.

JACKS AND JENNETTS.

Best imported Jennett, 4 y'rs old, B R Ward, Chatham, $15
Best imported Jack, 4 y's to each, E H Ward & W Russell, 25
Best Jack raised in the State, W R Russell, Caswell, 25
Best Jennett do do B R Ward, Chatham, 15

We, the Committee on Jacks and Jennetts, awarded to H Ward, of Chatham, and Wm Russell, the first premium on their Jacks, "Black Damon," and "Santa Anna," to be divided between them—both being of the first size and muscle.

WM F COLLINS,
JOS S HOLT

MULES

Best pair of Mules, 6 years old, raised in the State, W W. Whitaker, Wake, $25
Best single mule 3 years old, do do, W M Thomas, Rockingham, 10

The committee are of the opinion that a mule colt belonging to Jacob Mordecai, of Wake, 16 months old, deserves a premium

R R BRIDGERS,
J W B WATSON

CATTLE—DURHAMS

Best bull calf, "Albert," Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Virginia, $10
Best cow, 9 years old, "Mollie," Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va., 90
2d best cow, L Springs, Charlotte, 15
Best cow under 3 years old, "Rosetta," Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va. 15
Best heifer calf, Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va., 10

E A CRUDUP,
W R HOLT,
K RAYNER

CATTLE—DEVONS.

Best bull, 3 y'rs and 7 months old, "Lord Baltimore," W W Carraway, Lenoir, $25
2d best bull, Dr. J F Foard, 20
Best bull, over 2 and under 3 y'rs old, Nat. Jones, Wake, 20
Best bull, over 1 and under 2 years old, L Springs, Charlotte, 15
Best bull calf, Walter Gwynn, Wake, 10
Best cow, 3 y'rs old and over, W Gwynn, Wake, 20
2d best cow, do do, Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va 15
Best heifer calf, Sylvester Smith, Raleigh, 10
Best cow, over 2 and under 3 years old, L Springs, Charlotte, 15

The undersigned after three ineffectual efforts to get exhibitors to lead their cattle from the sheds, made the foregoing awards; in the majority of instances being compelled to view the cattle as they stood in the stalls; some few Devons were loose on the grounds, of which the committee took no notice, not being able to identify them.

W W WHITAKER,
H T CLARK,
R R BRIDGERS

GRADES OR MIXED BLOOD AND NATIVE CATTLE

Best bull over 3 y'rs old, "Grauville," S H Dunn, Wake, 20
Best bull under 3 y'rs old, S Smith, Raleigh, 15
Best cow, under 3 y'rs old, E Hall, Raleigh, 12

As there is no premium offered that will take in Mr Wm Russell's cattle, your committee think it their duty to recommend his cattle to your attention

WM A EATON,
L O'B BRANCH,
S SMITH

The Ex Committee awarded to him for his collection $10

WORKING OXEN.

Best pair of Working Oxen, R. Crawford, Wake, $20
2nd best " " H. Franklin, Wake, 10

J. R. MOORE, Chairman.

FAT CATTLE.

One fat Cow, Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va., $7

JOHN HUTCHINS,
E. SMITH,
E. HOLT.

MILCH COWS.

Best Milch Cow, Crouse & Irvine, Lynchburg, Va., $15
2nd best " Leroy Springs, Charlotte, 10

GEO. T. COOKE,
W. C. UPCHURCH,
JEPTHA HORTON.

SHEEP.

Best full-blooded Cotswold Buck, J W Norwood, Orange, $20
Best pen of 3 South Down Ewes, Dr Wm R Holt, 15

There is also on exhibition one fine Buck, exhibited by Dr Wm R Holt, that is mixed, half Leicester and half South Down, which is worthy of praise, and the Committee are of opinion, that under the rules of the Society, they have no power to award premiums for any Buck, or Ewe, or pen of Lambs of mixed blood. There being on exhibition one pen of fine Lambs, Merino and South Down exhibited by Seth Jones, of Wake, the above the Committee recommend to the favorable consideration of the Executive Committee

N. PRICE,
HUGH McLEAN

GOATS

Best pair pure Cashmere Goats, R Peters, Georgia, $15
Best common Goat, R Crawford, Wake, 3

JOHN O'ROBKE,
A BEAVERS,
A HINTON

SWINE

Best Breeding Sow, over 1 year old, large breed, S Smith, Wake, $10
Best lot of pigs under 6 months old, large breed, S Smith, Wake, 6
Best boar, over 1 year old, small breed, E Hall, Wake, 15
Best breeding sow over 1 year old, small breed, W W Whitaker, Wake, 10
Best boar over 2 years old, native, W W Whitaker, Wake, 15
Best breeding sow and 6 pigs, native, W W Whitaker, Wake, 15

The Committee recommend a premium of 10, to Mr. Cuthrell, of Davie county, for a fine pair of pigs, cross on Bobone and Woburn

G H WILDER,
ALLMAND A McKOY,
JOHN E BECTON

AGRICULTURAL PODUCTIONS

Best variety of bread corn, Jno Hutchins, Wake, $3
Best variety of stock corn, S H Dunn, Wake, 3
Best variety of wheat, S H Dunn, Wake, 3
Best variety of oats, E Hall, Wake, 3
Best variety of field peas, S H Dunn, Wake, 3
Best variety of cotton, N Price, Wake, 3
Best specimen of cotton in seed, N Price, Wake, 5
Greatest variety of Ag. Productions raised on one farm, S H Dunn, Wake, 10
Best specimen of Leaf Tobacco. Jno W Barnes, Granville, 3

The Committee recommend a premium of $3 be awarded to Jno Hutchins, of Wake, for 1 basket of white rice beans, and a premium of $5 to Jacob Mordecai of Wake, for specimens of the following peas: claybank, whippoorwill, gallivant, and bass or claret, and navy beans

J W NORWOOD,
JNO A GRAVES

TOBACCO

We the undersigned have met at Planter's Hall and examined the different lots of manufactured tobacco and cigars, and are of opinion, and so report, that Y & E P Jones of Caswell county, be allowed $10 for the best lot of manufactured tobacco, and Dr J Joiner, of Pitt county, be allowed $5 for the best box of segars

WILLIAM LONG,
JAS M SCALES,
W T HAWKINS

SALT PROVISIONS

1 dozen bacon hams, N Price, Wake, $10

Eight hams, exhibited by Ransom Johnson, cured without smoke, which the Committee recommend to the notice of the Executive Committee as very excellent bacon One old ham by Mrs Tucker, quality not judged of by the Committee for the reason that it was not cooked, but which appeared to be very sound and good

JNO U KIRKLAND,
E DONNELL

DAIRY

Best sample of fresh butter, Miss Julia A Holt, Davidson, $10
2d best sample of fresh butter, W B Williams, Warren, 5

LEROY SPRINGS,
J C SMITH,
E DALBY

CABINET WORK

Mahogany rocking chair, H J Brown, Raleigh, $3
Bureau, Thomas Carter, Wake, 5
Cabinet, " " 5

The Committee admire the pine used in various articles exhibited by S H Rogers, but do not think that the workmanship is of sufficient neatness to entitle any of the articles to a premium

WM THOMPSON
T W DEWEY

FRUIT AND FRUIT TREES

Best and greatest variety of apple trees, Thomas Lindley, Chatham, $10
Best and greatest variety of pear trees, Thomas Lindley, Chatham, 10
Best and greatest variety of peach trees, Westbrooks & Co, Guilford, 10
Largest and best variety of apples, Westbrooks & Co, Guilford, 10
Largest and best variety of pears, Westbrooks & Co Guilford, 10
Largest and best variety of peaches, Wm A Eaton, Granville, 10
Largest and best variety of Strawberry Vines, Westbrooks & Co, Guilford, 2

The exhibition of apples embraced one hundred and forty-two varieties. Of course, the same varieties in many instances were exhibited in the different lots. The Committee experienced great difficulty in making their award. But after much deliberation, and aid from gentlemen of science in this department, awarded the premiums as above. It is due to the Messrs. Lindley, to state that their fruit was much injured by a storm—but even with that drawback, the Committee were for a time in doubt as to their final judgment. The exhibition was large and most beautiful, giving evidence of great skill and knowledge; and in the opinion of the Committee, would successfully compete with any of a similar character in the Union. By the industry and enterprise of the Messrs. Westbrook, the Committee were enabled to compare upwards of twenty varieties of the Northern apple, with the native growth, and in every instance, except in that of the Rhode Island Greening, the comparison was in favor of the apple of the native growth, in color, flavor, and in size. The "Romanite" of Westbrook & Co, was a splendid fruit, and the Highest Wonderful, Boston Russet, Chatham Pippin (native) and White Guilford (native) of Lindley & Co, were of prodigious size, beautiful appearance, and fine flavor. Too much praise cannot be extended to the Messrs Lindley, and to Westbrook & Co. In this department they are essentially benefactors to the State

The dried fruit of the Westbrooks & Co., embracing apples, peaches, pears and cherries, were very fine and received the warm commendation of the Committee.

The quinces exhibited by Mr. McKimmon, the pomgranites, by Mrs Ruffin Tucker, the filberts, by the same lady, and the lemons of Mrs Strange of Raleigh, were of a splendid description, and the thanks of the Society are due to them for these beautiful productions of their zeal and industry

In conclusion, the Committee beg leave to commend both Westbrook & Co., and Messrs. Lindley to the patronage of the Society, and to our fellow-citizens generally. They richly merit and deserve it. They likewise recommend that Messrs Lindley & Co, receive a diploma for their exhibition of apples

After the Committee on fruit and fruit trees had closed their examination, and made their awards, a box of "Preserved Dried Peaches" was exhibited by Mrs. Augustine H. Shepherd, of Forsythe county. The Committee regret that this article could not be placed in competition, for the reason that their award had been made But they unanimously concur in saying that it is the most beautiful specimen of dried fruit they have ever seen, in color, flavor and excellence of preservation, and recommend that a diploma be awarded therefor

JOHN WINSLOW, Chm'n.

Diplomas approved

VEGETABLES.

Six best Cabbages, Wilson W. Whitaker, Wake. 2
Best Egg Plants, Mrs. T. P. Devereaux, Wake, 2
Best Onions, E. Hall, Wake, 2
do Pumpkins (4) do do 2
do Sugar Beets (8) Joseph Small, Pittsboro, 2
Best Turnips (6) G. Banks, Wake, 2
Sweet Potates (13½ bush.) J G Du Pre, Wake, 2

One extraordinary large Beet, by Dr Montgomery attracted general admiration—3 very large Cabbages, by Mrs J B G Roulhac, deserve special notice. The best and largest variety of vegetables, by Mrs M H Brown, deserve a Premium. A number of vegetables are exhibited, which deserve special notice and reward (for which no premiums are offered) contributed by Mrs Dr R S Mason, Mrs James McKimmon, Mrs T P Devereaux and Mrs G T Cooke.

P. F. PESCUD,
Q. BUSBEE,
G. W. BROOKS

PLOWS

Best Side Hill Plow, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, $10
Best Double Mould Board Plow, R Sinclair jr & Co Baltimore, 10
Best Two Horse Plow, Borum & McClane, Norfolk, 10
Best Two Horse Plow manufactured in the State, W B Williams, Warren, 10
Best Wrought Plow manufactured in the State, Richardson, Warren, 10
Best Wrought Two Horse Plow manufactured in the State, D F Cuthrell, Davie, 10
Best Subsoil Plow, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 10
Best Subsoil Plow manufactured in the Stat , W B Williams, Warren, 10
Best Toothed Cultivator, R Sinclair, jr & Co Baltimore, 5
Best Toothed Cultivator manufactured in the State, W B Williams, Warren, 5
Best Harrow, Borum & McClane, Norfolk, 5
Best " " Manufactured in the State, S B Williams, Warren, 5
Best Horse Rake, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 5
Best Iron Roller, smooth, E Whitman & Co Baltimore 5
Roller for Crushing Clods, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 5
Best and greatest variety of Agricultural Implements manufactured in the State, W B Williams, Warren, 25

Wainwright, Vanhook & Co exhibited a small lot of Plows, equal to others of the same description, which we recommend to the favorable consideration of the Executive Committee. Messrs. Horn & Stanton exhibited a Cotton Planter, which we think well calculated to save labor, and to plant the seed regular, which we respectfully recommend, as entitled to a premium

W. R. SMITH
S. G. WARD,
J. L. HORN.

FARM VEHICLES

Best 2 horse wagon, W J M Thomas, Rockingham, $10
Best Dumping Cart, H Horton, Wake 5
Best Wheel Barrow, E Whitman, & Co Baltimore, 2

W. W. WHITAKER,
LEROY SPRINGS,
R. H. WAINWRIGHT,

PLEASURE CARRIAGES

Top Barouche, A M Gorman, Raleigh, $15
Hickory Buggy, J Bashford, do 15
Painted Buggy, 2d pr B Perkinson, do 10
Model of a Sulky,—Richardson, Warren, 5
Improvement in Buggy-brake and Swingletree, D F Leak, Rockingham, 5
Improved adjustable carriage coupling, E R Crabtree, Orange, 5

W. W. HOLDEN,
J. R. HARRISON,
THOS. JENKINS.

HORSE POWER

Best Sweep horse power, E Whitman & Co Baltimore $20
Best Railway, horse power, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 20
Do Grist Mill, R Sinclair & Co Balt 20
Do Broadcasting and Drilling machine, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 15
Best Broadcasting machine for Guano &c E Whitman &Co Baltimore, 15
Best Cotton Gin, J H Carlisle, Halifax, 20
Do Reaping machine, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 20
Best Mowing machine, E Whitman & Co, Baltimore, 20
Best Hay and Cotton Press, E Whitman & Co Baltimore, 20
Best Smut machine, E Waitman & Co, Baltimore, 10
Do Threshing machine, ——— Davis Petersburg, Va. 20
Best Saw Mill, (Portable,) Tappey & Lumsden, Petersburg, Va, 20
Do Corn and Cob Crusher, E Whitman & Co, Baltimore, 10

THOS D HOGG,
A McKNIGHT.

MILL FABRICS

Best piece Sheeting, J Newlan & Son, Alamance, 10
Best 5 bunches of Cotton Yarn, Newlan & Son, Alamance 10
5 Coils Cotton Rope, Newlan & Son, Alamance, 5
1 piece Black Cassimere, Young & Grier, Charlotte, 15
Best piece of Jeans, Young & Grier, Charlotte, 10
Best piece of Flannel, Young & Grier, Charlotte, 10

J. L. HORN, Chairman

FOOD, CONDIMENTS, &c

Best specimen of Wheat Flour, I H Rogers, Wake, $10
2nd best specimen of Wheat, N Price, Wake, 5
Best specimen of Corn meal, E Hall, Wake, 5
Do do Rye Flour, E L Patterson, Salem, 5
Do do Starch, N Price, Wake, 5
Do Wheat Bread, D H Dickerson, Raleigh, 5
Do Honey strained, S Smith, Raleigh, 5
Do do in the comb, Mrs J C Partridge, 5
Best domestic Wine, Catawba, D M Lewis, Franklin, 5
Best and Greatest variety of Domestic Wines, D M Lewis, Franklin, 10
Best Rose and Currant Wines, J Ayres, Petersburg, Va 5
Best and great at variety, J Ayres, Petersburg, Va 10
Best sparkling Catawba Wine, N Longworth, Cincinnati, Ohio, 5
Best sparkling Isabella wine, N Longworth, Cincinnati, Ohio, 5
Do Apple Brandy, 47 years old, J Tisdale, Nash, 5
Best Sweet Peach Pickles, Mrs W H Jones, Raleigh, 3
Best Oil Mangoes, Yellow Cabbages and Brocoli Pickles, Mrs J Ayres, Petersburg, Va 3
Best Martina Pickle, Mrs Littlejohn, Franklin, 3
Best Domestic Sauce, Mrs Littlejohn, Franklin, 3
Best Domestic Catsup, Mrs J Ayers, Petersburg, Va 3

R B GILLIAM,
A M LEWIS,
J P H RUSS,
N JOYNER

SUNDRIES

Best specimens of Ambrotypes, &c Havens & Mallon Raleigh, $10
Box of Shaving Soap, Mrs J M Barnes, Granville, 3
Bolbs Washing Soap, Mrs J M Barnes, Granville, 3
Box of specimens of Soils and Marls, Prof Drysdale, Duplin, 15
Best specimens of Printing, W D Cooke, Raleigh, 5
Best specimen of Candles, Mrs J C Partridge, Raleigh, 5
Lot of Bar Soap, Costin & Gifford, Wilmington, 3
Best lot of Wagon Harness, J Jones, Rockingham, 5
3 Fine Spanish Saddles, C W D Hutchings, Raleigh, 10
Best Carriage Harness, C W D Hutchings, Raleigh, 15
Lot of fine brogan shoes, J Ramsour, Lincolnton, 3
Harness leather, do do 5
Kipskins, do do 5
Calfskins, do do 5
Goatskins, do do 5
5 rifles, A C Ledbetter, 5
Lot of sole leather, M Tomlinson, Randolph, 5
Best case of boots and shoes, H Porter, Raleigh, 3

F J HILL, Ch'n.

COOKE'S NEW MAP OF NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 18, 1856.

GENTLEMEN: The Committee to award premiums at the late State Fair, "upon Sundries," reported that "Cooke's New Map of North Carolina," was worthy of special notice, and the Executive Committee of the Society have directed me to request you to examine the Map and make out a special report upon the same, to be published with the reports of the Awarding Committees.

The Map will be placed in your hands for examination.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
JNO C PARTRIDGE.

To Prof. E. EMMONS.

GUION'S HOTEL, Oct. 20, 1856.

TO JNO C PARTRIDGE, *Secretary of the North-Carolina Agricultural Society:*

SIR: I have had frequent opportunities of testing the correctness of Mr. Cooke's New Map of North-Carolina, and parts of the adjoining States. This Map is worthy of special notice: 1st, from the fact that it embraces those parts of Virginia, South Carolina, and Tennessee, which are of immediate interest to the citizens of this State. 2d, That the Eastern part of the State is compiled from data, obtained through the determination of the Coast Survey. 3d, It contains an entirely new feature in its profile of the mountainous parts of the State, which exhibits the relative heights of many of the most interesting points in the western ranges of the Blue Ridge and Alleghanies. In addition to the foregoing, it may be justly said, that Mr. Cooke has taken unwearied pains to correct the geography of the different counties, and to insert the prevalent names of places, those for instance which have come into use since new lines of travel have been established. It is in fact a new Map, and the only map which can be relied upon for accuracy in its details. It is, moreover, a handsome production, and its typography is highly commendable from its beauty and distinctness.

Most truly yours,
EBENEZER EMMONS,
State Geologist.

NEEDLE WORK, &C,

Best silk embroidery, vest, Mrs. Dr. Dodson, Milton, $6
2d best do do, child's sacque, Mrs Ruffin Williams, Raleigh, 4
Best silk embroidery on silk, Miss A Grimes, Raleigh, 4
2 infant's caps, Mrs J B G Roulhac, 4
Collar and undersleeves, guipure work, Mrs M Lucas, Fayetteville, 6
Morning dress, English embroidery, Miss Bledsoe, Raleigh, 3
Infant's dress, English embroidery, Mrs Johnson, Yanceyville, 2
2 skirts, English embroidery, Mrs Jere Nixon, Raleigh, 2
Feather work, talma, tippet and fans, Mrs J C Partridge, Raleigh, 6
Childs dress, socks and edging, Miss Rebecca Trull, a blind pupil in the N. C. Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, made entirely by her, 6
Specimens of sewing by Mary Trull, Mary Burt, and Narcissa DuPre, blind pupils in the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, divided between them, 6
2 fancy parlor chairs, Mrs E Taylor, Raleigh, 3
2 chairs, embroidered, Miss F Kerr, Yanceyville, 2
Specimen of sea moss, arranged, Miss E Colburn, Raleigh, 2
Potichimonia, Miss Nash, Hillsboro', 3
3 crochet collars, Miss M E Cooke, Raleigh, 6
Chenille work, Miss Gallagher, Washington, 3
Raised worsted work, Miss Gallagher, Washington, 3
Ottoman cover, Miss Laura Phillips, 3
Ottoman cover, Miss Bettie Harris, 2
Wax flowers, Miss A E Hollister, Raleigh, 3
Tapestry work, Mrs A Ramsour, Lincolnton, 6
1 shirt, Miss A C Peebles, 9 y'rs old, Kinston, 3
Infants' cloak, Miss Ashe, Wilmington, deserves honorable mention,
Silk stockings, Mrs Jas Ayres, Petersburg, Va, 3
Hair wreath, Miss Laura Murphy, Sampson, 3
Hair bracelet, Miss Lucy Foster, 2

THOMAS BRAGG, Ch'n.

HOUSEHOLD FABRICS

Silk bed quilt, Mrs G W Mordecai, Raleigh, 5
1 silk bed quilt, Miss S C Hunter, 2d premium, dip
2 Bed Blankets, Miss R Broughton, 1st premium, 5
1 Bed Blanket, Mrs C A Webster, 2d premium, Dip
Domestic Carpeting, Mrs F B Fields, 1st premium, 10
Domestic Carpeting, Mrs Rosa A Lewis, 2d premium, 5
1 Pair net Blankets, Miss Mary E Hunter, 1st do 5
Knit Curtains, Mrs Ruffin Tucker, 1st premium, 5
1 Knit Counterpane, Mrs Eliza L Taylor, 1st premium, 5
1 White Counterpane, Mrs M L Jones, 2d premium, Dip
Counterpanes, Mrs J B Johns, 2d premium, Dip
1 Bed Quilt, Mrs M G Burrows, 1st premium, 5
1 Patch Work Quilt, Mrs J R Williams, 2d premium, Dip
1 Bed Quilt, Mrs Jno Y Jones, 2d premium, Dip
1 piece Fustian, Mrs J M Barnes, 1st premium, Dip
Silk Patch-work Piano Cover, Miss E A Harris, 1st pre. 3
Worsted Stocking, Miss Hattie L Cooke, 1st premium, 2

J. H. BRYAN,
MARY ST. C. COOKE,
SUSAN STUART.

HAND POWER.

The Committee on Hand Power Improvement respectfully report: That during the entire day of Thursday, they gave a careful examination of all machinery of this class.—They are pleased to see a manifest improvement in useful adaptation and improved construction, in most of the articles submitted, without any increase of price, and they are further led to hope, that the more extended use of machinery in the construction of all agricultural implements, will enable the manufacturers to give more solidity and strength without an enhancement of price. They recommend to the Executive Committee for premiums the following articles:

Best Corn Sheller, R Sinclair & Co, Baltimore, $8
Best Corn and Seed Drill, R Sinclair & Co, Baltimore, 5
Best Turnip Drill, R Sinclair & Co, Baltimore, 5
Best Iron brace, Grain Cradle, R Sinclair & Co, Balt., 5
Best Wheat Fan, J. Montgomery, Md, 8
Best Sausage meat Cutter, E Whitman & Co, Baltim'e, 3
Best Grass Sneaths, E Whitman & Co, Baltimore, 3
Best Vegetable Cutter, E Whitman & Co, Baltimore, 5
Best American Straw Cutter, E Whitman & Co, Balt, 8
Best Washing Machine, Alex Dickson, Orange, 5
Best Double Corn Sheller, Borum & McLane, Norfolk, Va, 8
Best Potatoe Digger, Borum & McLane, Norfolk, Va, 2
Best Wooden Hay Forks, Borum & McLane, Norfolk, Va, 2

Very many articles of this class were exhibited that are now, in very general use, and only such as have been improved, have been considered worthy of special notice.

W. R. HOLT,
CHAS. B. MALLETT,
SOLOMON DIXON.

POULTRY.

Best pair of Shangbais, Charles Busbee, Raleigh, $3
Best pair of Polands, Master Roulhac, Raleigh, 3
Best pair of Brahmas, R B Anderson, Raleigh, 3
Best pair of Game, J T Williamson, Raleigh, 3
Best pair Wild Indian Game, H M Miller, Raleigh, 3
Best pair of Sumatra Game, J M Crenshaw, Wake, 3
Best pair of Stone Fence Game, J T Williamson, Raleigh, 3
Best pair of Dominica Game, H McLean, Harnett, 3
Best pair of Turkies, E Hall, Raleigh, 3
Best pair of Canada Geese, A F Davidson, Mecklenburg, 3
Best Muscovy Ducks, H Mordecai, Wake, 3
Best pair of Common Ducks, W F Collins, Wake, 3
Best and largest exhibition of poultry, E Harris, Raleigh, 10

D W WILLIAMS,
S BRODIE

WORKS OF ART, TASTE, PAINTING, &c.

The undersigned Committee on Discretionary Premiums, on Works of Art, Taste, Painting, &c. have performed their duty, and beg leave to report to the Executive Committee, that they find several Paintings on exhibition worthy of their decided approval.

The Committee would most particularly notice, as entitled to commendation, four Oil Paintings executed by Mrs. R M Saunders of Raleigh, being numbered 255. In case the Executive Committee decide to award pecuniary premiums to Paintings, the undersigned would designate these Paintings of Mrs Saunders, as entitled to the first or highest premium.

The Committee also take pleasure in expressing their admiration of four Paintings by Mrs Ramsour, of Lincolnton, and especially a young St. John, a piece possessing decided beauty. These pictures are numbered 3, 5, 4 and 5. In case premiums are awarded, the Committee consider these Paintings of Mrs Ramsour, as entitled to the second premium.

The Committee beg leave to make honorable mention of a Portrait Painting, by Mrs Anna Busbee, of Raleigh—numbered 101.

The Committee also mention as deserving of notice and praise, one "Grecian Painting," exhibited by Mr. Christian, from the Raleigh Methodist Female Seminary—numbered 156; one Oil Painting, 171, by Miss C A Blake, of Raleigh. Several Crayon Drawings by Miss R M Dewey, of Raleigh, numbered 15, 16, 17, 18 and 20 and 44. Some Crayon Drawings by Miss Anna Hollister, of Raleigh, numbered 34 and 35; two ditto, by Mr. Christian, numbered 157 and 153. A lot of Ambrotypes by Messrs Havens & Mallon, and of colored Daguerreotypes by Mr. Copeland.

Respectfully submitted,
KENNETH RAYNER,
ALDERT SMEDES.

AGRICULTURAL ESSAYS

The Committee to whom was referred the consideration of Agricultural Essays beg to report. The Committee regret that their duty has been so slight, as but one Essay for the premium has been presented The Committee have carefully examined that, and find it to be a valuable contribution to the annals of the Society, and are certain that if its suggestions were fully carried out, great improvement in production would be the consequence They therefore award the premium of $10, to the author, John H Bryan, Jr, Esq, and hope on a future occasion, that Mr Bryan will have a sharper competition for a similar result

T P DEVEREAUX, Ch'm.

SPEED OF HORSES.

The undersigned Committee appointed to test the speed of single harness horses, make the following report Five horses were entered, to wit—

Bay horse, "John Hancock," by J H Neal
Bay horse, "Bob," by S Hays
Sorrel Filly, "Ivyloo," Dr G N Moore
Chesnut horse, "Jack," by W Alston
Bay horse, "John," by R Tucker

The horses made two heats of one mile and a quarter each, and we hereby award the premium of $25, to the horse "John Hancock," as the fastest horse on the track

P H DUNN,
W J HAWKINS,
J E WILLIAMSON,

SECOND TRIAL OF SPEED OF HORSES

Four horses were entered:

Bay mare, by J Newsom.
Sorrel Filly, "Ivyloo," by Dr G W Moore,
Bay horse, "Bob," by S G Hayes,
Mare, by W H Wheeler,

The premium of $5 was awarded to S G Hays' Bay Horse, "Bob"

G T COOKE, Ch'm

For the Standard.

MESSRS. HOLDEN & WILSON: The 91st session of the Kehukee association of United Baptists has just closed; and though composed of members from the different sections of our country, yet such was the harmony, union, and brotherly love manifested and realized among us, that congeniality of sentiment and unanimity of action may be strictly said to have prevailed. This body convened with the church at Southquay, Southampton county, Va., where we were met by two ministering brethren of the same faith and order, from the State of Maine. The one immediately from that State, by name Joseph L., the other W. J. Purington, from Washington City, where he at present resides. These brethren maintain and defend the same fundamental truths in politics, and the same glorious and divine truths in religion which the Baptists proper of the whole South and the whole Union contend for, maintain and cherish with unabating devotion. We believe in our government as it is; a government of principle; but awfully fear that the present generation has so far lost sight of all idea of principle and the incalculable cost and value of our liberties, that there is something in the prospect as much to be dreaded as "war, pestilence and famine." No proscription in either religion or politics; but freedom of conscience, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, and uncompromising hostility to all usurpation, tyranny, and oppression in Church or State, is our motto; and while debate, strife, and division is the order of the day among other religionists, on the all absorbing question of abolitionism, we, the apostolic or united Baptists, know no North, no South; but stand together as one man, shod, shielded and helmetted against all the ites and isms of men's invention, not recognized by the fundamental laws of God and of man. In confirmation of the sentiments expressed above, (in part at least,) you will please publish the accompanying note, addressed to the Banner of Liberty, by the brother first above named; which note I clipped from that paper:

RICHMOND, Maine, Sept. 16, 1856.

DEAR SIR:—The State of Maine, in the election of State officers has gone for Black Republicanism, as you have learned and published. The Democratic and Whig parties numbered more than forty thousand strong in the late election; but the wild fanatical influence of political priests and sectional demagogues has duped the majority of the voters of this State. It is not likely many of them will recover from the fanaticism they are intoxicated with before the Presidential election in November. I am ashamed of my native State in some respects, though I hope she may learn some wisdom by her own folly. To put a good name to a bad thing will not make a bad thing a good thing. The name of Republicanism, applied to unsound and fanatical principles, will not make those principles Republican. Many may be deceived thereby, but it is impossible to bring a clean thing out of an unclean thing. There is nothing Republican where the elements are composed of Know-Nothingism, Maine Lawism, and Abolition. It is the Republicanism of 1856. It has no resemblance to the Republicanism of one, two or three scores of years since. It is to be hoped the God of Providence may so order, and overrule the stirring events of the present time that we may, as an independent nation, outride the storm which seems to threaten us as a people. Let no lover of his country despair amid the raging storm. Yours, &c.,

J. L. PURINGTON.

Thus you see corroborated the evidence of the facts submitted by me; and which has been in divers ways presented to you before. One fact I now submit, which is most humiliating to my feelings, and should be to the feelings of all men South who love the Union; and that is: I have universally heard it remarked by our brethren and friends North, that the abolitionists in the free States look to the Whigs and Know Nothings South, as their Allies. "I nothing extenuate or set down aught in malice."

I am well aware that most persons, (especially the fashionable religionists and Jesuits of the 19th century,) lightly (if at all) esteem the church to which I belong; and my ears have been often saluted with such epithets as coarse, vulgar, ignorant, hard-fisted, &c., &c., as being applicable to its members; and similar epithets, as you well know, have been in days past applied to the great conservative Democratic party, which party has so often proved itself to be *the salt* of our country, and to which we can look alone for safety now; and as the Lord liveth, it is even so in regard to the church of Christ and the eternal principles on which her hope is built. Purity in politics and purity in religion are handmaids; and live or die, sink or swim, they must together.

Our forefathers stood by Washington, Jefferson, and Patrick Henry, in the days that "tried men's souls." We have stood by Jackson, Polk, and Pierce; and we now present one unbroken phalanx in the support of Buchanan and Breckinridge, the election of whom is so earnestly and anxiously desired by all the friends of our once happy Union, the great fabric of which is now shaking from centre to circumference, by the wild storm of fanaticism.—We tremble for our political ark as did Israel of old for the ark of God; but our efforts as politicians, and our prayers as Christians for its safety and preservation shall not cease, till lost in the dying groans of expiring freedom. R. D. HART.

Hilliardston, Nash Co., Oct. 10, 1856.

DR. PRITCHARD'S ADDRESS IN PETERSBURG.—The address delivered before the Union Agricultural Society of Virginia and North Carolina by our esteemed fellow townsman, Dr. R. C. Pritchard, is very highly commended by the Petersburg press. The Southside Democrat thus speaks of it:

Warrenton News.

Towards 11 o'clock, A. M., Dr. Pritchard, of Warrenton, N. C., addressed the vast assemblage in a truly suitable and eloquent manner on the subject of husbandry, its origin, rise and progress, its present position throughout the Globe, and its powerful influence over society and nations. He poetically alluded to its character and its requirements, and passed a handsome tribute to Virginia's sons who were first in the field of peace and war, first in the country's good, and first in her power. This gentleman then eulogized the Agricultural committee, and the spirits of the people of Petersburg, who ever proudly sustained the character of their City and State. During this excellent address, which we regret we have not space to dwell on, a deservedly marked attention was manifested by all.

The Standard.

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29, 1856.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN TICKET!

FOR PRESIDENT:
JAMES BUCHANAN,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
OF KENTUCKY.

ELECTORS
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.

For the State at Large:
HENRY M. SHAW, of Currituck,
SAMUEL P. HILL, of Caswell.

Districts:

1st District, WM. F. MARTIN, of Pasquotank,
2nd, " W. J. BLOW, of Pitt.
3rd, " M. B. SMITH, of New Hanover,
4th, " GASTON H. WILDER, of Wake,
5th, " S. E. WILLIAMS, of Alamance,
6th, " THOS. SETTLE, Jr., of Rock'ham.
7th, " R. P. WARING, of Mecklenburg.
8th, " W. W. AVERY, of Burke.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, 4TH NOVEMBER.

Special Notice.

The STANDARD *is conducted strictly upon the* CASH *system. All papers are discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid. Subscribers will be notified,* FOUR WEEKS *before their time is out, by a* CROSS MARK *on their papers; and unless the subscription is renewed the paper will be discontinued. This is a rule from which there will be no departure. Watch for the cross mark, and renew your subscription.*

Weekly Standard $2 *per annum, in advance.*
Semi-Weekly Standard $4 *per annum. do.*

☞ Subscribers desiring their papers changed must mention the Post Office *from*, as well as the one *to*, which they desire the change to be made.

Post up the Books.

We have seen various calculations in the papers recently of the probable result of the Presidential election. We submit the following in the belief that it will not be found materially different from the result. We claim, as *certain* States for Mr. Buchanan—

New Hampshire,	5	South-Carolina,	8
Connecticut,	6	Georgia,	10
New Jersey,	7	Florida,	3
Pennsylvania,	27	Alabama,	9
Indiana,	13	Mississippi,	7
Illinois,	11	Louisiana,	6
Michigan,	6	Texas,	4
California,	4	Tennessee,	12
Delaware,	3	Kentucky,	12
Virginia,	15	Missouri,	9
North-Carolina,	10	Arkansas,

J. Parker Jordan, Esq.

J. Parker Jordan, Esq., of North-Carolina, has recently been in New York, Brooklyn, and Philadelphia, by invitation, speaking to the people on the great questions of the day. On Tuesday last he spoke in New York, following the Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson. We copy below the substance of his remarks, as we find them reported in the New York papers:

"After the conclusion of Mr. Dickinson's speech, Mr. Cone introduced Hon. J. P. Jordan, of North Carolina, who said:

GENTLEMEN: I have come here from the flowers of the sunny South, and listened with pleasure to the eloquent speech of one of your statesmen standing up for the South. The South will feel a security in knowing that the stream of fanaticism has been checked by the votes of Pennsylvania. (Cheers.) I find freemen in this State right on this great question. It is a contest for human rights and liberty—for the Constitution for which our fathers expended their blood and treasure, and this Constitution we are to bequeath to our children. We are called on to stem the torrent, and place our country where it will be unmoved by fanaticism.

But as my honorable friend has said, if our country is to perish let it be by no parricidal blow; let us rather be crushed beneath the iron hee of a foreign despot. If the Union must meet its dissolution let it be by tyrant hands, no sons of the soil consenting to the shameful deed. I told you I came from the sunny South, the bulk of whose property has been secured by the Constitution. We for the first time find that right denied by a party, and a section of a country shows itself inimical to us for a little spot of earth called Kansas. The South had opposed the Compromise of 1820, but rather than keep agitation they had yielded, but when new Territory had been added, then it was the gallant Douglas, as advised by James Buchanan, offered to extend the Compromise to the Pacific. This proposition was, however, rejected by the northern phalanx and the new compromise of '50 was passed.

Was not free speech violated when Daniel Webster, that great son of the North, was excluded from Faneuil Hall, the cradle of liberty?

We find Democrats and Whigs uniting; they come from Ashland and Marshfield, and if my friend were not present I would name your Dickinson with his meed of praise, as joining in the passage of that measure. Then was introduced the doctrine of self-government, and the Compromise of 1850 and the Kansas bill are identical in principle. The Union, Mr. J. continued, could not be secured by blood, but by affection and concession. The South would then stand shoulder to shoulder with you, as it has done before. He called on the people of the North to stand by the principles put forth by Jefferson and sustained by Washington—the principles of the Adamses and Hancock.

He reviewed the watch-words of the "Republicans"—free speech, free labor and free territory. Free speech all were in favor of. It was guaranteed by the Constitution and by the common law, consecrated by our fathers' blood and born into Americans, and no man could appropriate it to himself or his party. But free speech was violated because Brooks whipped Sumner. The South does not approve the manner and the time when that act was done, but because two men fight and quarrel it is no reason to dissolve the Union. Is there anybody here who thinks Sumner got one lick amiss? (More laughter.) The South, however, did not approve of the act in regard to the time and place.

And these men talk of sustaining the sacred charter of freedom and the liberty of speech. When Franklin Pierce endeavored to carry out the fugitive slave law you find Theodore Parker organizing resistance, and foreigners gathering round your flag. [Cheers.] Free speech—it was when Burlingame declared there should be an anti-slavery God, an anti-slavery Constitution and an anti-slavery Bible. It was free speech when Beecher and Theodore Parker desecrated Altar, and Church, and Bible, and the holy Sabbaths of our land. Do you desire that sort of free speech which incites our slaves to light up the darkness of midnight by the flames of our dwellings? [Cries of "No, no!"]

Mr. Jordan said he was proud to find so many Union men North, and he would tell the South what warm hearts and open arms he had met, and when you go South you will find protection and friendship. Then, though the storm is brewing and the clouds are lowering, let the watch-word be, "united we stand, divided we fall." Then let us rally for

"A union of lakes, a union of lands,
A union of States now and ever;
A union of hearts and a union of hands,
And the flag of our Union forever."

The New York Day Book says:

"SPEECH OF MR. JORDAN.—We call the attention of our readers, North and South, to the admirable sketch of the speech of the Hon. J. P. Jordan, delivered in the Park yesterday. The members of "the Grand Council of the Young Democracy" feel under the deepest obligation to Mr. Jordan, for his presence on the occasion, and that they have listened to one of the ablest and most eloquent sons of North Carolina. Mr. Jordan will ever be welcomed with a right earnest greeting by the young Democracy of the Empire City. He is an earnest, rapid speaker, and following, as he did, the Hon. D. S. Dickinson, it is sufficient to say that he enchained the attention of the thousands gathered in the Park; and as he progressed, even to the close, it was with cheers of approval."

It affords us pleasure to record such compliments paid to a son of North Carolina. Mr. Jordan's presence as a speaker among the distinguished men of New York, was hailed with gratification; and his friends have a right to feel proud of the reception extended to him and the impression which he made.

W. F. Wightman, Esq.

At a meeting of the Buchanan and Breckinridge Club, of Fayetteville, recently held, the following resolutions, offerred by Capt. Dunn, were enthusiastically adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the present Editor of the North Carolinan, W. F. Wightman, Esq., by his manly advocacy of democratic truths—his bold and fearless exposure of know nothing fallacies and whig tricks—and by his having completely silenced the know nothing organs of this town, has won for himself the respect, the confidence and the admiration of all true democrats. And we do now in the name of the true democracy of old Cumberland extend to him a hearty welcome to our midst as our champion and friend, and, we also tender to him our sincere thanks for his able efforts thus far in the good cause.

Resolved, As a further testimony of our high estimation of his worth as an Editor and gentleman, we hereby request all the democratic papers, throughout the State, to publish these resolutions."

Mr. Wightman in an appropriate manner returned his thanks for the evidence of respect and confidence reposed in him by the democracy of Cumberland. He hoped his future efforts in the cause would show that he was worthy of the compliment paid him in the resolutions.

☞ We are glad to learn that Hon. D. M. Barringer and J. W. Osborne, Esq., have taken the stump for Buchanan and Breckinridge. They are gentlemen of influence, eloquent and forcible speakers, and will do much to swell the majority of B. and B. in the State.

How insignificant appear such men as ex-Governors Morehead and Graham, whose actions are ruled by hatred to Democracy, when compared with Barringer and Osborne, with whom patriotism is the ruling principle.

Look Well to your Ballots!

The editor of the Fayetteville Carolinian cautions his readers against a shrewd trick of the Know Nothing party. A ticket has been printed, headed "DEMOCRATIC TICKET," and containing the names of the Know Nothing Electors; intended to deceive the unwary and unsuspecting. We repeat the caution. Let every Democrat look well to his ballot, and beware of this bold attempt at imposition. We hope our readers will mark this warning, and urge it upon their friends and neighbors.

☞ We challenge Know-Nothings to point to a single victory they have ever achieved unaccompanied with bloodshed. Look to New Orleans, Louisville, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington City and other towns. Murder and fire have followed in their footsteps as naturally as slime marks the trail of a serpent. Such must ever be the consequences of a war against classes, or against particular religious denominations. The revolver, the knife and the torch have been the arguments which have procured K. N. triumphs.

Educational Convention at Salisbury.

We are under obligations to an esteemed correspondent for a sketch of the proceedings of this Convention, which we are reluctantly compelled to postpone until our next issue.

We learn that the Convention was in session three days, and was highly successful in every respect.—Its deliberations will, we trust, mark the commencement of a new and brighter era in the Educational progress of the State.

☞ The President of the Know-Nothing Convention that nominated Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency, is out for Fremont. That must be consoling to his Southern supporters.

Letter from Gov. Wise.

We publish below a letter from Gov. Wise, of Virginia, written in reply to an invitation to address the people at Henderson, Granville, on Saturday last.

Gov. Wise has availed himself of this occasion to speak out in reply to, and by way of rebuke of, a corrupt and mendacious press, which had charged him with having visited North-Carolina for unworthy and disloyal purposes. His reply upon the facts is conclusive, as his rebuke of Southern traitors is withering and overwhelming. We have nothing to add to this admirable and eloquent letter. It is the utterance of a high-toned, fearless, unconquerable patriot—of a man who has served his State and the Union for a quarter of a century, and whose bright escutcheon no breath of slander from any quarter can dim or tarnish. Henry A. Wise has no concealments. *He* never walks in suspected places by the light of a dark-lantern:

"He would not flatter Neptune for his trident,
Or Jove for his power to thunder.
His heart's his mouth:—what his breast forges
That his tongue must vent."

We trust that this is not his last visit to North-Carolina. He has thousands of enthusiastic friends within her borders, who would be glad to take him by the hand—to honor him as he deserves to be honored—and to listen to his trumpet voice in behalf of State Rights and a Constitutional Union.—But we are detaining our readers from the letter:

RICHMOND, VA., OCT., 1856.

GENTLEMEN: I have duly received yours of the 14th, since my return from your capital, and respond to it most cordially at my earliest convenience. I regret that it is entirely out of my power to meet you as you propose, at Henderson in your State, on the 25th inst. I regret this the more, because I was obliged, when in North-Carolina, to decline similar requests from political friends, on grounds which made it imperative that I should abstain from any public address.

I lately, for the first time in my life, had the gratification of visiting your noble, good old State; and since my return to my post, have been called upon by the Raleigh Register, of Oct. 15th, to answer:—

"1st. By whose invitation came these gentlemen "(Gov. Adams, of S. C., and Wise of Va.) to North "Carolina? 2nd. Why did they meet here just in "time for the returns of the Pennsylvania election? "3rd. It calls on the Standard to answer:—'What "does it say to this attempt to hitch our conservative, Union-loving old State of North-Carolina to "this car of disunion?'"

Now these questions of "guilty or not guilty," are put after an indictment in due newspaper form for "Disunion," for applying an "incendiary torch," "acting without authority," madness, "leather and "prunella," in one alternative, or "treason" in the next.

On the authority of a mendacious Know Nothing paper, in Virginia, it takes the acts and motives of the acts as charged to be true, pronounces sentence of guilty, and condemns to public inquisition, and then and thereafter asks the accused—two gentlemen, whose ostensible offence is the misdemeanor of going to North-Carolina—are you guilty or not guilty of disloyalty to the Union and of treason to the country? Now these are extraordinary times, gentlemen, when such rudeness can be perpetrated by public journals upon private life, with no other excuse for it than a jealousy which will not allow of the suspicion even of consultation by Southern men among themselves for their social safety, and the conservation of the Constitution and union of their country. The New-York Herald, the Tribune, any Black Republican newspaper north of the Potomac, might have been expected to violate all laws of comity and hospitality by putting such interrogatories, pregnant with falsehood, insult and impudence; but I did not expect such outrage from a metropolitan paper in a Southern slave State. But it is on a par with the treason to the South which shouts to Black Republican speeches in Richmond, which raises a pole and a flag to Fremontism in Portsmouth, and which corrupts the mind of a Professor even in your University. The indications are all of a piece, and show to what the enemies of Democracy and slavery are tending. They, indeed, call upon those who have a care of our social safety to meet and consult upon the best means of conserving our property, our peace, our rights and honor. I say to you, my friends, that I went to Raleigh *on my own motion*, desiring to go there, and feeling, by affection to North Carolina, that I had a right to go there. Does a Know Nothing or Blue Federalist deny my Constitutional right to do so? God help him!—I mean to do so again, and will answer to the grand jury there or any other lawful tribunal, or to any private individual who will make the demand of my right as a citizen of one State of privileges in another. The time, too, is not appointed by the Constitution, whether I shall go to North-Carolina "just in time for the returns of the Pennsylvania election" or not. *Nullum tempus occurrit populi*, in this free country. Locomotion is as free as the highway, as free as "*aer et lux et aqua profluens*." Heaven defend Gov. Adams!—his State may punish him for leaving her limits, but mine leaves me unlimited ingress or egress, and it is made even my official duty to conduct either in person or by an agent, all intercourse with foreign governments or another State; and there is no limit of the time and place and manner of so doing. But it was unpardonable for us to go to Raleigh about the time of the returns of the Pennsylvania election. Unhappy allusion!—these returns have come in since our departure, and how gloriously they have scattered every cause for convening for any "treason, stratagem or spoils." They show that the Democracy has saved the country and discomfitted those who would have brought upon it swift destruction. Indiana and Ohio have joined in the guarantee of our peace, for the present at all events, against the besom which the Isms of the times were sweeping over us. *Io Pæan!—Io triumphe!*—This allays the gorgons dire which haunt the hypocrisy of knaves who are the worst enemies of the Union, because they are forever huckstering off their political errors upon the pious attachment of the people of the United States to its perpetuity. The clamor against State Rights, State Equality, State Individuality and Independence, and the sneers at Southern chivalry or at Democratic Nationality, are becoming about as stale and as well understood as is every idle threat to dissolve the Union, or the cry of wolf! wolf! when there is no wolf. Indeed, that cry has been made so often without cause, that now when the wolf *is* at the door, too many fail to believe it, and there are too many in our very midst who would, if they could, conceal it. To this class belongs this Editor who denounces every movement, known or unknown in its design and object, "*in advance* of any overt act, *in advance* of any positive aggression, *in advance* of any invasion of our guaranteed rights." And this concedes to our assailants that they have as yet done *no* overt act, have committed *no* positive aggression, have been guilty of *no* invasion: A concession like this from a metropolitan press of a slave State, not only justifies all wrongs of the past, but harks on the enemies who would do us every wrong in the future. It is insidious submission to fanaticism, freesoilism, Black Republicanism. Was it no wrong that a restriction was attempted to be imposed upon a slave State in 1819-'20? Was it no wrong that that restriction's failure upon Missouri, could be compensated or compromised only by imposing the same restriction on all the territory north of 36 deg. 30 min. north latitude? Was it no wrong that the attempt was made to violate that compromise by applying the restriction against slavery to the territory south of that line, in the form of the Wilmot Proviso? Was it no wrong that, when we acquired new territory from Mexico, the North would not consent that the line of 36 deg. 30 min. should be a climatory line, instead of applying it to the Louisiana purchase alone, and would not extend it to the Pacific? That the South should be deprived of its equal privilege of locating its labor in the gold mines of California? Was it no wrong that after Texas was recognized, annexed and established as a *slave State*, that 44,000 square miles of her territory were dedicated to free-soil? Was it no wrong that a territorial government and thence a free-soil State was inducted into the Union, without an act of Congress, by proclamation from the military camp? Is it no wrong, that after destroying the whole scope of the Missouri Compromise and getting the benefit of it in Oregon, and Washington territories, its formal repeal by the Compromise of 1850 has not been acquiesced in? Is it no wrong, if the acts of 1850 did not repeal it, and the Kansas Nebraska should not have repealed it as is contended, that Black Republicanism is not now willing to apply its letter and spirit to the Kansas territory which is south of 36 deg. 30 min.? If the Compromise of '20 '21 ought to be restored, as they contend, and slavery ought not to be allowed to go north of 36 deg. 30 min., in the Louisiana purchase, is it no wrong to shoot slaveholders with Sharpe's rifles in Kansas south of 36 deg. 30 min.? Is it no wrong to incorporate Emigrant Aid Societies to mob us off from common territory? Is it no wrong by pulpit, press, preacher, teacher, schools and every combination of influence, to array every social feeling in a community having no tie or association with slavery, against it everywhere, however existing?—Is it no wrong to deny us either social or political equality? Is it no wrong to nullify the laws and decisions of the Supreme Court in respect to fugitive slaves, not by the higher law of a mob or popular sentiment, but by State statutes framed to counteract the federal laws? Is it no wrong to prohibit and prevent the holding of slave property on the entire frontier of the slave States, within their limits, against their laws? Is it no wrong that continual, incessant agitation, in Congress and in the country is dangerously inflaming the public mind, so that nothing but bitterness and strife is engendered by every political question and canvass? Is it no wrong that our churches are already split, divided and separated, and fearfully corrupted too, by this merely carnal and worldly strife? Is it no wrong that we cannot travel in peace and without danger of insult and reproach, in portions of our own country? Is it no wrong that family ties are disturbed and business relations threatened? Is it no wrong that a conflict of State laws is already begun? Is it no wrong, which, if perpetrated by a foreign power would cause a declaration of war? Would it be no wrong to elect a sectional President on the one idea of anti-slavery? Would such an election be no wrong, when its very issues of abolition or exclusion of slavery could not be discussed even by speaking or writing, in several of the States of the Union, without violating their criminal code? Would it be no wrong under such a state of things to add to the Black Republican House of Representatives in Congress the whole power of the Federal Executive, army and navy included? But why enumerate more, much more, infinitely more than this, whilst but yesterday appropriations to carry on the government were refused whilst the blood of civil war was flowing in a Territory, and whilst a mob, a black mob, had seized, successfully seized, the reins of a State Government and had imprisoned a supreme Judge for executing the laws! To every pregnant interrogatory these Southern aiders and abettors of Black Republicanism in the North would say, as the Raleigh Register says: "*Nay!*" "*Nay!*" "*Nay!*" The North may combine, the North may nullify, the North may form associations, incorporate rank treason by statute, and even men may go North to Conventions from North Carolina and Virginia, to betray their own hearths and homes by first contriving and then abolishing 12th sections of platforms; but at a time like this, when "by feud and faction all the land is torn,"—"when the nation's genius acts against itself,"—"when shook from its central poise reels all power,"—when foreign foes foment our strifes, and, when our confederate foes, vaunting, rejoice in our divisions and "list your agents to your own destruction," if the South asks of the South in startled concern, "what shall we do to be saved?" and to save—to save ourselves and our country too, with all its teeming blessings, its union, its peace, it prosperity, its social safety—if brother but simply hails brother, to cry, not for blood, not to meet in churches to subscribe for arms, but to exhort one another to patience, to forbearance, to anything but abject submission and dishonor,—you hear a traitor exclaim "treason!" "treason!"—a knave cry out, "Stop thief!" Will the people of North Carolina condemn me for daring the first time in my life to go to her sacred sovereign borders? If Virginia and South Carolina have brooded treason or breathed wrath, North Carolina has been the very matron of peace in the family of States—ever conservative, ever calm, ever serene and dignified in her composure, and it was to Raleigh, not to Richmond or to Charleston, that South Carolina's and Virginia's Governors chose to go. They went not to a Fair, but they fairly went and were fairly received and entertained. They went in open day, bore no dark lantern, and were not driven away. Quietly, privately in the sense and sanctity of private life, not secretly, they were hospitably honored as guests—aye, more—as men who loved and honored North Carolina, as men who would do or die for her vital interests and more vital honor. Is he *her friend* who hisses after retiring guests like these? Is he fit for her people to trust, or for her private gentlemen to treat with their hospitality? By this very want of comity and courtesy, and this graceless invasion of privacy, does he not prove himself most anxious himself to betray the weaker to the stronger, the wronged to the wrong-doer? Rest assured that if the people of North Carolina understand the true issues, the secret springs of events now developing, they will not say "*Nay*" to consultations for their peace and safety. The least thing involved is slavery. That is but the bone of contention. Fanatics are deluded, the North attempted to be united by that! Once united, once consolidated by sectional bigotry and hate against the South, the political Pharisees, the pseudo-philanthropists who now pretend to be superserviceable in the work of abolition, will first compress slavery into cotton and sugar limits, and then they will turn upon the fanatics, the earnest, honest fools, and laugh at their absurdity, and if need be, will turn to and import slaves from Africa for the plantations as soon as they have made the plantations tributary to factories, and their factors and agents! *Political domination is what is aimed at!* State Rights and strict construction are properly belonging only to the agricultural people and to the slave-labor States. Slavery dwarfed in the Union, Federalism, Blue Federalism of the Essex Junto stripe will rear again its horrid front, and you will again have Banks and Tariffs and Internal Improvements by the Federal Government, all that Jefferson and Macon, North-Carolina and Virginia, ever contended against. Already has the Black-flag the Pacific Railroad inscribed on it, already has the political revolution overwhelmed the last Democratic vetoes of Harbor bills!! Shade of Macon, look down upon that blessed soil of your native State, upon which you impressed your pure and simple faith, and "*guard the passing hour.*" Unite the patriot parties, and the patriot States in consultation, how they may preserve, not destroy, the Constitution and the Union of our country.—Guardian spirits are hovering over us! From amidst the gloom I see the day-star rise. The North is not given over to our common ruin—the saving Democracy is there—the wisdom and the virtue of that sole faith which has survived the test and scrutiny of time, which Macon commended to North-Carolina, and with which he, more than any other man, imbued her people, will yet, with the blessing of God, continue to leaven the "whole lump" of the nation. It is indestructible, and must operate unspent. The election of November will decide for Democracy, as sure as there is a God of Nations protecting us! Of what politics are they, who, in this day, in North-Carolina, say "*nay*"? Not of Macon's faith, and not like Macon, to be trusted. Let his integrity be ever talismanic among you. It was pure, it was simple, it was like Christian spirit and Christian truth, and it is imperishable. It is now in trial. From every cloud of dust an army of voters comes—the Nation is on its march to the polls—Virginia and North-Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee, mother States and child States, are for the first time united—they join the general host of Democracy, North and South, East and West; alone of all parties universal in the Union, alone united to preserve the Union! Oh, my fellow-citizens, the sages and law-givers of old, the founders of our nation, the fathers of our laws, patriots devoted to the public good, heroes who, for their country fought or bled, martyrs of liberty who died for man, the glorious guardians of the human race,

"Look down divine, and bending from the sky,
"Their hoary figures consecrate the scene,
"And bless the passing hour."

I am truly yours,
HENRY A. WISE.

To C. H. K. TAYLOR, J. M. BULLOCK, T. L. HARGROVE, N. E. CANNADY, Esquires., and others, Committee.

General Cass.

The unwearied exertions of General Cass during the pending canvass—exertions which exhibit in a striking degree the extraordinary physical and mental strength of the veteran statesman and patriot—have excited the admiration, and even wonder, of his friends in all parts of the Union. We copy the following from a late number of the Detroit Free Press:

"No democrat in the whole broad Union, be he young, middle aged, or aged, has performed more service during this campaign than General Cass. It is extraordinary the fatigue he is enabled to endure without apparently feeling it. Immediately upon his return from Washington he said to the democratic State committee, 'Gentlemen, lay out your work, and assign me my full share of it, and do not imagine that I cannot fill all my appointments, however much exertion may be required.' On one occassion he left this city on a Monday, travelled sixty miles to Monroe, made a speech at that place of two hour's duration; thence next morning proceeded to Adrian, and spoke two hours in the afternoon; thence accompanied a committee from Toledo that city, and spoke two hours in the evening; thence next morning traversed some eighty miles to Hillsdale, and addressed the great democratic mass meeting of that county. This was the labor of three days. The three following days he addressed as many meetings at Cold-water, Centreville, and Cassopolis, villages some thirty miles apart; besides, if we mistake not, an evening at Three Rivers, and returned to this city on Saturday night. He thus, within the space of six days, delivered eight elaborate addresses, travelled a distance of near five hundred miles, and was ready on the succeeding Monday to undertake nearly as arduous a week's work! General Cass is seventy-five years of age. Where is the man of forty, or fifty, or sixty who can tire him in the active duties of a political campaign?

He has, since the campaign opened, besides performing all his duties in the Senate, addressed democratic meetings as follows: Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Frederick, (Md.,) Tippecanoe, Kalamazoo, Pontiac, Detroit, Flint, Saginaw, Goodrich, Lapeer, Port Huron, Monroe, Adrian, Toledo, Hillsdale, Coldwater, Centreville, Three Rivers, and Cassopolis.

He has appointments to address democratic meetings as follows: Albion, Jackson, Charlotte, Marshall, Niles, Grand Rapids, Ionia, Lansing, Howell, Corunna, all of which he will fill, and as many more as the Democratic State Committee may make for him."

The contest is *not* between Buchanan and Fremont, as the Standard well knowns. It is between Buchanan and Fillmore. Fremont is politically dead.

Wilmington Herald.

Fremont is dead, is he? Yet *your* friends and allies, the Fillmore men of Pennsylvania, did all in their power to keep life in him by fusing with *his* friends. Do you deny that, Mr. Herald? But we answer the Herald with the following conclusive view, based on facts, from the Richmond Enquirer:

"Before the elections in Pennsylvania and Indiana, the Know Nothing organs contended that in the event of the defeat of the Democracy in those States, Mr. Buchanan should be withdrawn, and the people of the South should unite in the support of Mr. Fillmore. Now, it is a bad argument that will not work both ways. Mr. Fillmore is not only beaten in Pennsylvania and Indiana, but his party is annihilated beyond the possibility of resurrection. In Pennsylvania his friends were so thoroughly fused with the friends of Fremont that they cannot be distinguished and enumerated. It is a notorious fact, however, that Fillmore is by much the weaker candidate. In Indiana the Fillmore Party had no vote at all in the recent election; and so it was in Iowa. In Vermont the strength of the Fillmore Party was exactly equal to 270 votes. In Maine they got 6,000 votes—which is about one-eighth of the Democratic strength in the same election.

If we look South, we find the prospect equally barren and hope less for the Fillmore party. In North Carolina they were beaten 18,000 votes; in Kentucky 10,000; in Florida by an average majority of 600; in Delaware 1100; in Missouri 20,000; in Arkansas 11,000. This is the strength of the Fillmore party in the South, as revealed in the result of recent elections.

It is shown, then, on the infallible testimony of figures, that Mr. Fillmore is equally and utterly destitute of the popular confidence and support in every quarter of the Confederacy."

BUCHANAN AT HOME.—Lancaster county gave a vote of 3000 majority against the Democracy. His own township of Wheatland gave a majority against him.

Fay. Argus.

If to suppress the whole truth be equivalent to falsehood, then the Argus is guilty of mendacity. Four years ago Lancaster county gave over 5,000 majority against the Democrats; two years ago it gave over 6,000 majority the same way; and now it gives only 2,400, and not 3,000, as the Argus states. If the opponents of Democracy can find any comfort in such results, they ought to be welcome to the pitiful crumb. A gain for Buchanan of over 3,000 in his own county, shows in what estimation he is held at home. The Argus evidently got the above idea from its Northern ally, the N. Y. Herald.

☞ We hear it said, now and then, that it is wrong to suspect this or that Southern man of being untrue to the Constitution and the South, for that he is himself the owner of slaves. The New York Daily News thus summarily disposes of this apology offered for Southern traitors:

"Mr. Botts adroitly maintains his position as a Southern man by adverting to his interest in slave property, and disavows any purpose to vote for Mr. Fremont. In regard to the first: It has really become so common a thing to see Abolition orators confronted with their own bills of sale, that we consider the mere ownership of slaves by no means conclusive of a man's soundness upon the subject. Mr. Birney, the Abolition candidate for the Presidency, was once a citizen of the South, and, we believe, a slaveholder. Mr. Sumner, the Senator's brother, is said to have sold out a collateral inheritance of slaves. One Snodgrass, an Abolition orator, has been pretty well chased off the stump by the exhibition of his own receipts for some $8000,on account of slaves sold by him; and so of innumerable other examples, as familiar to our readers as ourselves. Slaves seem to be of such ready sale, the formalities of divestment are so simple, that after Mr. Botts should have packed his trunk for Washington City, or for some foreign capital, he can readily convert all his interest in slave property into money, while the indulgent endurance with which his own speeches have been received in Virginia, prove that his children might still hold their own slave property without molestation. He therefore risks nothing. Nor is there anything in the avowed interest of Mr. Botts which should embarrass his action or convince the public of his sincere interest in the welfare of the slave States."

OLD BUCH. IN TOWN.—We return our thanks to our friend, J. A. Engelhard, Esq., for a fine portrait of James Buchanan, the next President of the United States. We have it handsomely framed and hung up in our sanctum, where it may be seen. It is an excellent likeness.

☞ Ned Buntline, the father and founder of Know Nothingism, is stumping it for Fremont. He deposited the filthy spawn of the K. N. order, and from it has sprung Black Republicanism—just what he intended. Are Southern K. N's blind, or do they wilfully close their eyes?

CORRECTION.—In our list of articles on exhibition at the State Fair, two half-breed Cotswold sheep, and two Cotswold bucks, were put down as entered by J. W. Norwood, of Wake. It should have been John W. Norwood, Esq., of Orange, who is an eminently practical and successful farmer and stock-raiser.

☞ The destinies of this Union hang upon the result of the election on next Tuesday. The contest is between Buchanan and Fremont. If the former be elected the Union is safe; if the latter, *it is at an end*. It would be cowardly and pusillanimous for the South to submit to the election of Fremont.

POSTPONEMENT.—We are requested to state that the Democratic meeting at Prattsburg, in Orange, has been postponed until next Saturday, the 1st of November. Gen. Allison, Maj. Wilder, Cad. Jones, Jr., and other speakers will attend. Ample preparations will be made for every body, and every body is invited to be present. We learn there will be a free barbecue on the occasion.

A "Child of Silence."

We publish below, from the pen of "a Child of Silence" connected with the North-Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, a tribute of thanks to the military companies for their recent visit to that Institution. This communication is published as we received it, with a few verbal corrections. It is the eloquent voice of simple human nature, uttered from the heart.

For the Standard.

A Visit from the Portsmouth Rifle Corps and the Oak City Guards, to the Institution.

What could be more interesting than to witness the blind being made to see, and the deaf to hear? Day before yesterday the Portsmouth Rifle Corps and the Oak City Guards—the pride and glory of this sunny clime—paid us a pleasant though short visit. We perceived on the brow of these bands no mark of the experience of battle-fields; yet we know that in their hearts there burns a fire of patriotism that cannot be quenched. They all expressed a deep interest in these afflicted, who, but for the efforts of their instructors, would have remained shut up in the darkness, as they were by nature; but with the children of silence, the eye which our Saviour called the light of the body has been also called the light of the mind. There was a mark of generosity deeply engraved on the brow of these bands. They all agreed to make up a collection for this majestic Institution. How sad the thought they must have had, that the children of silence have no idea of music, and could not listen to sweet melodies, nor view the beauties of nature! But the deaf have an idea of music. The play of the wind on the trees and the unmown grass, and the ripplings of the waves, are all music to the eye; and the flowers of language passing through the ears, paint before the minds of the blind their beautiful colors or hues.

On leaving the noble Institution they cast behind them a sad farewell music, still now echoing through its walls. We wish the Portsmouth Rifle Corps a long and pleasant visit here; and if ever engaged in battle, let them remember that the hearts of American women will feel no terror, for they will rest on them; and their prayers, as well as ours, will ascend to the Maker of all for them.

A CHILD OF SILENCE.

THE "UNION" TICKET.—The last Register, like the Syracuse black republicans and the Greensboro' Patriot, rejoices over what it supposed to be the triumph of the "union" ticket in Pennsylvania. No doubt the editor of the Register thought his readers would be green enough to understand that this was a ticket in favor of the Union of the States, as he is very careful to call it "the union ticket," instead of *the fusion ticket*, as it should be called. It was a union ticket made up and supported by the Fremonters and Fillmorites; and common honesty ought to have led the Register to so state. Against this unholy combination the Democrats fought single handed, and every true Southern man will rejoice that they were victorious. The true Union ticket prevailed, and doubtless the editor of the Register regrets it.

☞ We are requested to state that, owing to the inclemency of the weather, and other causes, the sale of the Manteo Mills, heretofore advertised in this paper, has been postponed until Monday of our next County Court,—that being the 17th day of November. Papers copying the orginal advertisement will please notice this fact.

☞ Our thanks to Mr. Pomeroy for the November number of Harper's Magazine. We have read it all through, and consider it one of the best numbers yet issued. This Magazine is now free from all sectional bias, and seems to be disposed to cultivate feelings of fraternity and affection between the States.

COMPLIMENTARY.—The Richmond Whig says: "We have heretofore contended, and still assert it as an incontrovertible fact, that the Whig or American in Virginia, who supports Buchanan in the coming election, is necessarily obliged to be a knave or a fool."

"JOAN OF ARC."—We have received a copy of a Poem in blank verse, delivered at Wake Forest College, June 12, 1856, by L. H. S., a member of the graduating class, entitled "Joan of Arc, the Maid of Orleans." Copies of this Poem may be had at Mr. Pomeroy's, at twenty-five cents.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The N. Y. Tribune of this morning says the Custom House officials received information that several slavers were engaged, in out fitting at this port in consequence of Walker's decree, permitting slavery in Nicaragua.

Nicaragua establishes slavery, and Northern men fit out vessels to steal and transport slaves to that country.

INDIANA.—The majority for Willard, Democrat, for Governor, is about 7,000; and the Legislature is Democratic by 36 majority on joint ballot. That will do.

All Orange, come to the Fair,
and bring with you the best of every thing you have.

The Fair Grounds of the Orange County Agricultural Society, will be opened for the reception of visiters on Thursday the 30th instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All animals and articles intended for exhibition must be upon the ground by 12 o'clock on that day.

The ceremonies will be commenced by the presentation of, and hoisting the splendid Flag given to the Society by their esteemed President, Paul C. Cameron, Esq.,

On Friday at 12 o'clock, there will be a general meeting of the Society at the Society's Hall, for the election of officers, &c., for the next year. Immediately after which the Annual Oration will be delivered.

At 4 o'clock, on Friday afternoon, the premiums will be awarded.

A punctual attendance on the ground of all persons who have been appointed judges is earnestly requested.

A band of Music will be present, and the Orange Guards, we learn, will be out.

By order of the Executive Committee,
JOHN B. LEATHERS, Chairman.

Pennsyleania Election.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 25.—The following are the footings up of the official returns of all the counties in this State:—Scott, democrat, 212,886; Cochran, fusion, 210,112; Democratic majority 2,774. The State Senate stands—democrats 15; fusion 18—and in the Assembly there are 53 democrats and 47 fusionists.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS ARE FORWARNED from trusting my wife, Penina E. Williams, on my account, as her conduct is and has been such that I am not bound, nor will I be responsible, for any debts of her contraction.
R. E. WILLIAMS.

FURTHER NOTICE.—Having assigned all my property to Simeon M. Williams, for the benefit of my creditors, all persons having claims against me, will present them to him and he will pay them according to the directions of the deed of trust, executed by me this day.
R. E. WILLIAMS.
October 27, 1856. 98—sw3t.

Steam Saw Mill for Sale.
WE OFFER FOR SALE OUR STEAM SAW MILL, which is forty-five horse power, and built under the supervision of an experienced machinist. The terms of payment will be made agreeable to the purchaser. The property can be delivered on or before the 1st of January, 1857. Apply to us either by letter or in person, at Raleigh.
HOGG & HAYWOOD.
Oct. 27, 1856. 98—sw 6w.

JAMES PAGE, OF RANDOLPH COUNTY, (A Democrat,) wishes to inform the members elect to the Senate of the ensuing Legislature, that he will again be a candidate for re-election to the office of Principal Doorkeeper of their body.
October 25, 1856. 98—w3t.

TO THE SENATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE WM. E. ALLEY, of Raleigh, as a candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper in the Senate of the ensuing Legislature.
Oct. 25, 1856. 97—td.

ENGROSSING CLERK.
WE ARE REQUESTED TO ANNOUNCE William H. H. Conner, (Democrat,) of Randolph as a candidate for Engrossing Clerk to the next Legislature.
Oct. 13, 1856. 94—wtd.

MARRIED,

In Nash county, on Wednesday the 21st inst., Mr. Henderson Strickland to Miss Rachel Stallings, daughter of the late Richard Stallings, all of Nash county.

In Wilmington, on the 21st inst., by the Rev. Dr. Drane, Mr. Walker Meares and Miss Ann Claypoole Wright, eldest daughter of Wm. A. Wright, Esq.

DIED,

In Moore county, the 7th inst., very suddenly, in the 83d year of her age, Mrs. Lydia W. Drake, wife of Richard C. Drake, and daughter of Rob't Marsh, Esq., of Chatham Co. Mrs. Drake leaves a large family of children and numerous friends and relatives to mourn their loss.

THE MARKETS.

NORFOLK MARKET.
REPORTED FOR THE "NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD."
By A. M. M'PHEETERS & CO.
Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding & Commission Merchants
NORFOLK, Oct. 25, 1856.

FLOUR continues dull. We quote Family $8¾@9; Extra $7¾@8. White wheat $1 50@1 60; red $1 40@1 50. Corn 64@66c.

COTTON is in light supply and the market inactive. We quote nominally 12@12½c.

NAVAL STORES dull. Spts. Turp. 40@41c; Common Rosin $1 25; good $1 75@2; fine white $2 93½. No sales in Tar.

BACON—Western sides 11@11½; shoulders 10½; hog round 13c.; hams 14c.

DRIED FRUIT in demand. Apples $1¾; Peaches $4 @4½, as to quality, for peeled fruit—unpeeled is in no demand.

FLAXSEED wanted at $2. Beeswax 25c.

B. E. PEAS $1 40@1 50.

WILMINGTON MARKET.
WILMINGTON, October 25, 1856.

No transactions in Turpentine or Tar since yesterday's report.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Sales yesterday of 300 bbls. at 29 cents per gallon. Nothing done this morning.

ROSIN—Sale of a small parcel No 1 at $4 25 per bbl.

COTTON—72 bales changed hands yesterday at 12@12¾ cents per lb. for middling to good middling.

FLOUR—Sale this morning of 50 bbls. Wilmington inspection at $7 25 per bbl. for superfine. *Journal.*

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.
FAYETTEVILLE, October 23, 1856.

BACON dull at 15 cts. COTTON—Sales this morning principally at 11½. FLOUR wanted. CORN, no change, 90 cents per bushel.

Yellow Dip TURPENTINE $2 15; Scrape $1 15. Spirits 35 cents. *Carolinian.*

TRUST SALE
Of Magnolia Salt Sulphur Springs and Farm, and other Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST EXECUTED by David Jordan to me for the benefit of his creditors generally, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of Nansemond County, I shall sell, on THURSDAY, the Fourth day of December next, at Public Auction, on the Premises, the well known "MAGN

[BY AUTHORITY.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-fourth Congress.

For two thirds of fifteen of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, three hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents

For two thirds of fifteenth of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty three cents

For second of twenty instalments in corn, goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, agricultural implements and cattle, carpenter's and other tools and building materials, and for mood and educational purposes, per fourth article treaty thirteenth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, nine thousand dollars

For second of five instalments in blankets, clothes, waggons, ammunition, and such other articles of necessity as they may require, to the Sioux Bois Bois, per twelfth article treaty th rtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand dollars

For second of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per fifth and second articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand and forty dollars

For second of twenty instalments for the support of six-smith's shops, per fifth and second articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred add fifty four, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars

CHIPPEWAS OF THE MISSISSIPPI

Fulfilling the treaty of twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five

For one third of the last of twenty instalments in money per second article treaty twenty ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, and eith article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, three thousand one hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty seven cents

For one third of the last of twenty instalments in goods, per second article treaty twenty ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six thousand three hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents

For one third of the last of thirty instalments for the purchase of provisions, per second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, and eighth article ireaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty seven cents

For one third of the last of thirty instalments for the purchase of tobacco, per second article treaty twenty ninth July, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and eighth article treaty thistieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four one hundren and sixty six dollars and sixty feven cents

For one third of fifteenth of twenty instal ments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundren and forty two, and eigth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, four thousand one hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty seven cents

For one third of fifteenth of twenty-five insalments in goods, per fourth ortiele treaty fourth October, eighteen hendrod and forty two, and eigth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, three thousand five hundred dollars

For ote third of fifteenth of twentp five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty seven cents

For one third of fifteenth of twenty five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty two and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty seven cents

For one thirds of the last of twenty instalments for the establishment of three smiths shops, supporting the smith, and furnishing iron and steel, per second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, one thousand dollars

For one third of fifteenth of twenty five instalments for the establishment of three smiths ships, sbpporting the smiths, and and furnishing iron shd steel, per second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and eighth articleireaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents

For one thire of fifteenth oi twenty five instalments for pay of two farmers, per secondarticle treaty twenty ninth July, eighteen hundredand forty two, and eighth art cle treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four three hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents

For second of twenty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and forty five twenty thousand dollars

PILLAGER AND LAKE *Winnibigoshish* BANDS

For second of thirty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five, ten thousand six hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty six cents

For second of thirty instalments of annuity in goods, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five, eight thousand dollars

For second of thirty instalments for purposes of utility, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five, four thousand dollars

For second of twenty instalments for purposes of education, per third article treaty twenty second Februrary, eighteen hundred and fifty five, three thousand dollars

For second of five annual instalments for the purchase of powder, shot, lead, twine, and tobacco, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars

For second of five annual instalments for the hire of six laborers, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five, two thousand four hundred dollars

For seconn of fifteen annual instalments for the support of two smiths and smiths shops, per third article treaty twenty second February, eighteen hundred and fifty five, two thogsand one hundred and twenty dollars

CHIPPEWAS OF SAGINAW, SWAN CREEK, AND BLACK RIVER

For first of five equal annual instalments for educational purposes, under the direction of the President, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, five thousand dollars

For first of five equal annual instalments for agricultural implements and carpenter's tools, household furniture, and building materials, cattle, labor, and necessary useful articles, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, five thousand dollars

For the first of ten equal annual instalments in coin, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, ten thousand dollars

For first instalment for the support of one blacksmith-shop, for ten years, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, twelve hundred and forty dollars

For building a grist and saw-mill, purchas of necessary fixtures and machinery, construction of dam, race, and other appertenances, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eight thousand dollars.

For purchasing a saw-mill, and reprirs and fixtures to be erected and located, in pursuance of the first amendment to the Senate to the second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, four thousand dollars

For payment of the present just indebtedness of said Indians, in pursuance of the second amendment of the Senate to the second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, twenty thousand dollars

CHICKASAWS

For permanent annuity in goods, per act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars

For payment to the Chickasaws in full consideration for their interest in the lease provided for in the ninth article of the treaty of twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, in conformity with the provisions of the tenth article of said treaty, two hundred thousand dollars

For expenses of commissioners who signed the treaty on the part of the Chickasaws, in coming to, returning from, and while remaining in Washington city, per twenty-second article of the treaty of twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, seventeen hundred and sixty-six dollars

CHRISTIAN INDIANS

For permanent annuity in money, per sets twenty-sixth May, eighteen hunored and twenty-four, and twentieth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars

CREEKS

For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars

For permanent annuity in money, per second article treaty sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars

For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and for shop and tools, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars

For permanent provision for iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two hundred and seventy dollars

For the last of twenty instalments for two blacksmiths and assistants, and shops and tools, per thirteenth article treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars

For the last of twenty instalments for iron and steel for shops, per thirteenth artile treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five hundred and forty dollars

For permanent provision for the pay of a wheelwright, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars

For twenty-sixth of thirty-three instalments for education, per thirteenth article treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars

For thirteenth of twenty instalments for education, per fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dallars

For blacksmith and assistant and shop and tools, during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two hundred and forty dollars

For iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two hundred and seventy dollars

For wagon maker, during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars

For assistance in agricultural operations, during the pleasure of the President, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars

For education during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars

DELAWARES

For life annuity to chief, per private article to supplemental treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one hundred dollars

For life annuity to chief, per supplemental article to treaty twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred dollars

For interest on forty-six thousand and eihhty dollars at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine for education, per resolution of Senate nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand, three hundred and four dollars

For third of eight equal instalments for payment of five chiefs, per sixth article treaty sixth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars

FLORIDA INDIANS, OR SEMINOLES

For thirteenth of fifteen instalments in goods, per sixth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars

For thirteenth of fifteen instalments in money, per sixth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and fourth article treaty ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dvllars

IOWASS

For interest in lieu of investment on fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to the first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, at five per centum, for education or other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and ninth article treaty seventeenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars

KANSAS

For interest in lieu of investment on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars

KASKASKIAS, PEORIAS, WHAS, AND PIANKESHAWS

For payment of the last of three instalments in money, of thirteen thousand dollars each, for purchase of former permanent annuities, and reliuquishment of claims and damages, per sixth article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, thirteen thousand dollars

For the third of five instalments for support of blacksmith and assistant, per sixth article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, seven hundred and twenty dollars

For the third of five instalments for purchase of iron and steel, per sixth article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two hundred and twenty dollars

KICKAPOOS

For third instalment of interest at five per centum on one hundred thousand dollars for education, per second article treaty eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars

For the payment of this sum as the third instalment upon two hundred thousand dollars, per second article treaty eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, twenty thousand dollars

MENOMONIES

For first of twelve instalments for continuing and keeping up blacksmith shop and providing the usual quantity of iron and steel, per fourth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents

For first of ten instalments of annuity upon two hundred thousand dollars, balance of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for cession of lands, per fourth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty four, twenty thousand dollars.

MIAMIES.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article treaty sixth October eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

For permanent provision for miller, in lieu of gunsmith, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifth article treaty twenty-third, October, eighteen hunered and thirty-four, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For sixteen instalments in money, per second article treaty twenty-eigh November, eighteen hundred and forty, and fourth and sixth articles treaty fifth June eighteen hundred and fifty four, twelve thousand and five hundred dollars.

For interest on investment of two hundred and twenty-one thousand two hundred and fifty seven dollars and eighty six cents, at five per centum, for Miami Indians of Indiana, per Senate's amendment to fourth article treato fifth June, eleven thousand and sixty two dollars and eighty nine cents

For interest on fifty thousand dollaes, at five per centum, for educational purposes, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, two thousand five hundred dollars

For third of six equal annual instalments to Miamies residing on ceded lands, for purchase of former perpetual and other annuities and relinquishment of claims, per fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, thirty one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine dollars and eleven cents

MIAMIES, EEL RIVER

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five hundred dollars

For permanent in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty twenty first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third and separate article to treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars

NAVAJOES

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the Navajoes pursuant to the requirements of the tenth article treaty ninth September, eighteen hundred and forty nine, five thousand dollars

NISQUALLY, PAYALLUP, AND OTHER TRIBES BND BANDS OF INDIANS

For fulfilling the articles negotiated twenty sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty four, with certain bands of Indians of Puget's sound, Washington Territory

For second instalment in part payment for relinquishment of title to lands to be applied to beneficial objects, per fourth article treaty twenty-sixth December, eighteen nundred and fifty four, sour thousand five hundred dollars

For second of twenty instalmentsinstalments for pay of instructor, smith, physician, carpenter, farmer, and assistant if necessary, per tenth article treaty twenty sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty four, four thousand five hundred dollars

OMAHAS

For second of three instalments, in money or otherwise, of fort thousand dollars each per annum, per fourth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty four, forty thousand dollars

For second of ten instalments for support of a miller, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred dollars

For second of ten instalments for support of blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty four, nine hundred and forty dollars

For second of ten instalments for support of farmer, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred dollars

OSAGES

For nineteenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, in money or otherwise, per second article treaty eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty nine, twenty thousand dollars

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

NEW FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS

FOR 1856.

ALEX. CREECH AGAIN HAS THE PLEASURE of returning his thanks to his numerous friends and customers for past patronage, and again invites them, and strangers visiting Raleigh, to call and examine one of the largest and most complete assortments of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS

he ever had the pleasure of showing, embracing all the latest styles and importations of Ladies Dress Goods, from the lowest price to the finest quality. Also a large lot of goods suitable for men and boy's wear. Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Bonnets and Ready-Made Clothing, with nearly every article usually kept in a Dry Goods Store.

Call and examine for yourselves as I charge nothing to show goods, and if they do not suit, do not buy.

Store 3d door above R. Smith's corner.

ALEX. CREECH.

Raleigh, Oct. 1, 1856. 93—6t.

☞ Age, Advocate and Signal copy six times.

$25 Reward.

STOLEN FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ON THE night of the 29th of September last, one GREY MARE about 12 years old. Said Mare is about five feet high, works well in harness, and rides well. The thief who stole said animal was making his way towards Ridgeway Depot in the county of Warren, and from what I can learn, have just reasons to believe that the scoundrel is a slave, who has been hired upon the N. C. Railroad, and belongs to Plummer K. Austin, Esq., of Warren county. Any information respecting said Mare will be thankfully received, besides paying well for trouble and expenses, &c., and the above reward for the apprehension and confinement of said thief in any jail within this State or Virginia.

JOHN G. THOMPSON.

Brassfields, Wake county, Oct. 4, 1856. 92—4t.

SPECIAL TERM.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, GRANVILLE County, Superior Court of Law and Equity, September Term, A. D., 1856.

Ordered by His Honor Judge Person, that a Special Term of this Court be held for the County of Granville aforesaid, at the Court House in Oxford, to commence on the fourth Monday of November next, and continue for two weeks; and that the Clerk of said Court give notice thereof.

The Sheriff suitors and witnesses in civil cases are hereby notified of the order and required to attend accordingly.

As no State business will be done, defendants and witnesses in prosecutions and indictments are not required to attend.

EUGENE GRISSOM, C. S. C.

Oxford, Sept. 8, 1856. 85—t4MN.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.—I HAVE recently obtained possession of the magnificent picture representing the death-bed scene of the venerable John Wesley. This large and imposing picture was painted by O. P. Copeland, Esq., expressly for exhibition, and sold by him some time ago to G. D. Weekly, from whom I have obtained it. I now offer it for sale on very reasonable terms, and feel assured that a *proper person* could by exhibiting it realize a handsome sum of money. The picture is about 10 by 15 feet in dimensions, and represents the great founder of Methodism, a few moments before his death, surrounded by some eighteen or twenty of his distinguished friends and followers, all as large as life. For particulars address,

GEORGE FISHER,

Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 9, 1856. 93—2m.

NOTICE.—HAVING, AT AUGUST TERM, 1856, of the Court of Pleas and Quarters Sessions, for Wake county, qualified as Administratrix of the estate of James T. Marriott, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to the estate of the said James T. Marriott, to call upon my Attorney, J. K. Marriott, and make payment; and those having claims or demands against the said estate, to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

R. W. MARRIOTT, Adm'trix.

October 9, 1856. 94—6t.

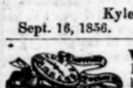
1900 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WILL SELL FROM ONE TO THIRTEEN HUNDRED Acres of Cape Fear River Land, lying twelve miles above Fayetteville, on the East side of the River. There are about Two Hundred Acres of cleared Land in fine condition. The aforesaid Land is not inferior to any in this section of the country, and is offered lower than any such land can be bought for in this or any of the neighboring counties—as I am determined to sell. The choice of three very healthy and desirable sand-hill places for a residence can be made, from one to one and a half miles from the Plantation,—one of these contains 200 acres of Pine Land, with a good two-story dwelling and all necessary out buildings, all new. Another tract contains 300 acres, with a task of new turpentine boxes, and is without improvements. A third tract contains 85 acres fine choice ridge land, partially improved. The neighborhood is very good, and the situation is healthy, pleasant and altogether desirable. The Northern Plank Road runs through each of the sand-hill tracts, and the plantation or river land has the advantage of a choice cow and hog range. Address,

NEILL McDUGALD,

Kyle's Landing, Cumberland, co., N. C.

Sept. 16, 1856. 90—aw3m.



WATCHES, JEWELRY, CUTLERY, SILVER WARE, Plated ware, handsome presents, and a variety of articles at JOHN C. PALMER'S STORE, who has just returned from making his purchases in New York and Philadelphia. The Jewelry for the ladies is much handsomer than I have ever known it. The Cameo sets of Breastpins, Ear Rings and Bracelets are beautiful. I have never had such a selection of handsome Jewelry, and I will sell it CHEAP TOO. It's useless to name the articles, I hope I can suit all.

Watches repaired, and as I have a Jeweler, a good workman, in my employ, all Jewelry will be well repaired at short notice.

JOHN C. PALMER.

Raleigh, October 4, 1856. 92—tf.

Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

PURSUANT TO A DECRETAL ORDER OF THE Supreme Court, will be offered at public auction on the premises, on the 28th day of November next, the land in the City of Raleigh, known in the plan of said City as part of lot No. 146, on which Mrs. Hannah Stewart formerly resided, situated on Fayetteville and Wilmington streets.—The lot will be divided into five equal parts, each having about 30 feet on Fayetteville street and extending back to Wilmington street. The sum of $2,532 50, to be assessed in equal sums from the purchaser of each lot, will be required to be paid in cash, and the residue of the purchase money, bonds, with interest from date, payable in six months with two good sureties. E. B. FREEMAN, Clerk.

October 2, 1856. 91—td.

NOTICE.—WE FORWARN ALL PERSONS FROM trading for either of two notes given by us and made payable to Thos. L. Cross, bearing date the 14th of March, 1856, one for one hundred and fifty dollars, due December, 25, 1856, and the other for one hundred and thirty dollars, due the 25th of December, 1857; as the consideration for which said notes were given has failed, and we do not intend to pay them unless compelled by law.

JOHN REDDISH,

ISAAC W. STALLINGS.

October 4, 1856. 92—3t.

THE COLOR TYPE,

A New and Beautiful Style of Picture.

CALL AT COPELAND'S NEW GALLERY IN THE upper part of the Post Office building, and see the Color Type (painted in oil colors,) and say if you have ever seen anything to surpass it, in the way of a *"sun picture."*

Sky-light, splendid cameras, neat and comfortable rooms, fine pictures, low prices.

So come along without delay,

And get a picture *with the pay*

P. S.—Mr. Copeland continues to take Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes, and paint portraits upon the most moderate terms possible.

Raleigh, October 1, 1856. 91—tJ1.

☞ Signal, Register and Biblical Recorder copy till 1st January.

LARGE SALE

OF

VALUABLE NEGROES.

ON MONDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF DECEMBER next, the subscriber will offer for sale at auction, at the Town of Halifax, North-Carolina, from

200 to 300 Valuable Negroes,

consisting of Field Hands and Mechanics, with their Families.

The said Negroes have been reared on the low-grounds of the Roanoke, and will be offered for sale in Families. The place of sale is on the line of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, over which two passenger trains pass each way daily.

The sale will be for Cash, but upon satisfactory security time will readily be given to make pecuniary arrangements.

Letters addressed to the subscriber at Raleigh will receive prompt attention. T. P. DEVEREUX.

Raleigh, Sept. 19, 1856. 89—sw6t.

TO MY CREDITORS.

HAVING BEEN ARRESTED UNDER A CAPIAS ad satisfaciendum, at the instance of Jesse A. Lindsay, one of my creditors, you are hereby notified, that I shall petition, to the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the county of Wake, to be held at the Court House in Raleigh, on the 3d Monday in November next, to be allowed to take the benefit of the Act for the relief of honest debtors.

JOS. WOLTERING.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 11, 1856. 94—3t.

☞ Register copy.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

THE SUBSCRIBER BEING EXTENSIVELY ENGAGED in the Oyster Trade, is prepared to fill any and all orders that may be sent to him, with promptness and dispatch. Address J. G. Cowper, Suffolk, Va.

JOS. G. COWPER.

September 16, 1856. 1150—w6w

SPECIAL TERM.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.—Superior of Law and Equity, Fall Term, 1856.

Ordered by his Honor, Judge Saunders, that a Special Term of this Court be held for the county of Wake aforesaid, at the Court House in Raleigh on the second Monday of January next, and that the Clerk give notice thereof. The Officers of said Court, and Suitors and Witnesses in Civil Causes only, are required to attend accordingly.

Witness, John C. Moore, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Raleigh, this 8th day of October, 1856.

JOHN C. MOORE, C. S. C.

Raleigh, Oct. 13, 1856. 94—tf.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NORTH CAROLINA Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 9th inst. the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS:

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
James F. Jordan, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington
Alex. Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. W. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
Geo. A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro.
Joseph White, Anson County.
Josh. Boner, Salem,
A. T. Summy, Asheville.

OFFCERS OF THE COMPANY

President.

H. D. Turner, *Vice President.*
John C. Patridge, *Secretary.*
John H. Bryan, *Attorney.*
J. Hersman, *General Agent.*

John R. Williams, T. H. Selby, C. W. D. Hutchings, } *Executive Committee.*

This Company has been in successful operation over 9 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in Country risks; and its present capital is Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, *Sec'y.*

Raleigh, June 12, 1855. 58—

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Office, Raleigh, N. C. This Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company, together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, WM. D. HAYWOOD, JAMES F. JORDAN, QUINTEN BUSBEE, H. W. HUSTED, WM. H. MCKEE, CHARLES B. ROOT, WM. W. HOLDEN, WM. D. COOKE, R. H. BATTLE, WM. H. JONES, P. F. PESCUD, SEATON GALES.

OFFICERS.

DR. CHARLES E. JOHNSON, *President.*
WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD, *Vice President.*
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, *Secretary.*
WILLIAM H. JONES, *Treasurer.*
H. W. HUSTED, *Attorney.*
CHARLES E. JOHNSON, M. D. } *Medical*
WILLIAM H. MCKEE, M. D. } *Board of*
RICHD. B. HAYWOOD, M. D. } *Consultation.*
R. H. BATTLE, W. W. HOLDEN, CHARLES B. ROOT, } *Executive Committee.*

For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, *Secretary.*

July 10, 1855. 66—

LOOK AT THIS.

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM OF BECKwith & Clayton, or to I. Beckwith alone, either by note or account, will please come and settle their accounts on or before the first of September, as we are determined to change our mode of business, and sell only for cash. All accounts and notes that are not settled by the first of September, will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

Come one, come all that want to buy cheap dry goods and groceries, for we are determined to sell from this time for small profits, and for cash only.

BECKWITH & CLAYTON.

aleigh, July 18, 1856. 68—swtf.

TAKE WARNING.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPROVING HIS STORE the subscriber has removed three doors South of his old location, to the building formerly occupied by Mr. Primrose, and at present by Messrs. Booker & Cole, in connection with himself, where he would be pleased to wait upon his friends and patrons.

In view of placing an entire new stock in store for the coming season, he offers his present stock of goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Clothing and furnishing goods of every variety and style, at *prime cost for cash*, or a small advance to punctual customers.

He most earnestly requests those indebted to him, (some of whom seem to forget he has any use for money,) to come forward and settle their notes and accounts before another Court arrives, and oblige

ISAAC PROCTOR,

Merchant Tailor.

Raleigh, July 24, 1856. 71—swtf.

North Carolina Six Per Cent State Bonds.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, N. C., October 6, 1856.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 10 o'clock, A. M., 8th of Nov. next, for the purchase of the following State Bonds, issued by the State of North-Carolina, to wit: $33,000 for Atlantic and North-Carolina Railroad, dated January 1st, 1856, and running thirty years.

$200,000 for Western North-Carolina Railroad, dated October 1st, 1855, and running thirty years.

Interest on the $33,000 payable 1st days of January and July.

Interest on the $200,000 payable 1st days of April and October in each year.

Both classes of Bonds will have coupons attached. The principal and interest will be payable at the Bank of the Republic, New York, unless where the party prefers to have them payable at the Treasury of the State.

Successful bidders upon being informed of the acceptance of their bids, can deposite the amount of their bids, including the accrued interest, to the credit of the undersigned in the Bank aforesaid, or in the Bank of the State or Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh.

Parties bidding will please address their letters endorsed "Proposals for N. C. Stocks," to the undersigned at Raleigh, N. C.

The bids will be opened in the presence of the Governor, Secretary and Comptroller of State, and the President of the Bank of the State.

D. W. COURTS,

Public Treasurer.

Raleigh, Oct. 6, 1856. 92—swtd.

Fencing Academy.

FENCING, THE BEST GYMNASTIC EXERCISE both for men and youths. The subscriber begs leave to inform the public generally that he will open his Salle d'Armes for the ensuing season, where he will give instructions in the art of FENCING, with the small Sword, the Sabre, the Bayonet or Lance, over K. R. WEATHER'S STORE, at old Temperance Hall, Raleigh, N. C.

This graceful, healthful, and useful art has been thoroughly mastered by the subscriber, who was a pupil in one of the celebrated Military Academies in Europe, and he feels confident that those who patronize his Salle de'Armes will always rejoice that they seized the opportunity of becoming acquainted with an accomplishment so elegant, and exercise so conducive to sound and vigorous health, and a means of self-defence so free from the objections urged against other arts practiced with the same view. Where is there a person who can say that under the present circumstances, the knowledge of using weapons is unnecessary? A nation well exercised with weapons is the support—the pride of the country.

Further particulars, as also the best of references, can be obtained by calling at the Bookstore of Mr. W. L. Pomeroy.

The undersigned will commence as soon as he has twelve scholars. Please give your names to Mr. W. L. Pomeroy.

At the request of the pupils no spectators shall be admitted during the hours of private instruction.

ED. DeREU.

October 18, 1856. 94—tf.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Office Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co., RALEIGH, October 8, 1856.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 13TH INST., THE Mail Train will leave Raleigh at 8 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Weldon at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Weldon at 2, P. M., and arrive at Raleigh at 7. Passengers going North will take breakfast in Raleigh.

R. A. HAMILTON, Pres't.

October 9, 1856. 93—tf.

MASONIC.

THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS AND REPRESENtatives of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, are hereby informed that the Annual Communication of this Masonic body will be held in this City on Monday evening the first of December next, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of business.

Officers of the Subordinate Lodges are requested to attend in person, or cause proper representatives to be appointed in conformity with the Constitution and general regulations of the Grand Lodge.

WM. T. BAIN, *Grand Secretary.*

Raleigh, N. C., October 17th, 1856. 93—td.

☞ Register and Signal please copy.

Office Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co., WILMINGTON, Oct. 17th, 1856.

RESOLVED, THAT A DIVIDEND OF THREE and a half per cent on the Capital Stock of this Company, from the profits of the Company for the six months ending 30th September last, be paid to Stockholders on and after the 13th November next, and that the books of the Company for the transfer of Stock be closed on 1st November.

JAMES S. GREEN, Secretary.

Oct. 18th, 1856. 93—11t.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE, AT RALEIGH, for the month ending 31 October, 1856:

Allen, W J
Buffalo, G W
Barker, Thomas
Bagwell, Green
Blackwood, A D
Brooks, S E
Betts, Miss Jane
Bobbitt, John B 2
Benjamin, George
Hadders, Royster
Bryan, T
Bryan, Doctor
Brown, Mrs Martha A
Battle, Doctor R
Bryan, J S
Barker, Wm
Brugdon, A J
Bartlet, Pathena
Baxter, R P
Bristin, Patrick
Belvin, E C
Branson, Levi
Buffalo, Wm A
Branch, Mrs Julia A
Craig, Wm M
Coleman, Jesse
Clarke, H J R
Cummings, Wm H
Capps, Thomas J 2
Chadwick, S M
Copplin, Wm T
Cain, Wm 2
Carter, Edward
Campbell, Chas F
Dibble, Harlow J
Evans, Mrs Jane
Gustus, Sollomon
Gooch, Duncan
Gill, Daniel
Gurgona, Eunice
Garrett, S L
Herndon, Doctor John R
Hall, Ralph R 5
Howe, John W
Hutchings, J W
Hackney, Wm D
Hindry, Miss Mary
Holden, Joseph W
Horton, C H 2
Harp, Miss Francis
Hundley, John A
Horton, Mrs Lucy J
Hixton, Wm
Hinton, D
Hill, Thomas
Harrison, Nancy
Hughes, Hanson
High, Mrs Francis
Howe, John W
Hollister, Martha A
Hanes, Mrs Lucy
Hawley, J L
Harris, Miss Sarah E
Hindry, Miss Mary
House, H W
Holland, Miss Olivia
Henderson, James
Harrod, James T
Hodges, Mrs Louisa
Jones, Kinion
Jones, Robert
Jones, Miss Penolope
Jones, Mrs Emily
Jones, Nathaniel
Jones, Josiah
Jeffreys, J G
Jeffreys, Mrs Gilly
Johnson, Polly A
Johnson, James M
Johnson, Wm D
Johnson, Miss Margar
Jones, Chilsey
Johnson, Nathaniel 2
Love & Latterloh
Langdon, Wm J
Latta, J W 2
Mindelshon, Louis
Matcher, Robert
McCullers, Edward S
McDowell, Wm
Moss, P M
Moore, G B
McCullers, W
Mershaw, Benj
McCheathan, Miss Mariah
Neal, N J
Nixon, W C
Parker, John E
Parham, James T
Pollard, Cass
Peoples & Rowland,
Peirson, James
Pergerson, J B
Parish, Willie J
Partin, Alfred
Palmer, Miss Betsey
Parker, Rimsbery
Powell, Caswell
Price, A
Parish, Wm
Pullen, Jesse
Reynolds, W J 2
Riggan, Littleton
Ripton, Paul A
Robertson, Miss
Reed, Wm
Ruth, Elizabeth
Rabun, John
Seawell, Asa
Suggs, Wm H
Smith, Robert K
Sater & Co, E
Stone, Jr, David
Smith, Miss Handy
Simpson, James
Utley, Samuel
Utley, Bradford
Young, Isaac
Yates, Robert F
Wiggins, Sollomon
Woodard, W A 2
Ward, W P
Wray, P J
Woodard, John
Woodard, Augustus
Waldlaur, David
Wren, Wm
Wiggins, Miss Peninah
Witcher, David R
Williams, Duncan 2
Whitaker, Pattie
Winston, H L
Williamson, Miss P A
Wilson, Betty
Wilkinson, Wm
Weaver, Mrs Sarah
Warren, W P
Wortley, Miss Maria

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

WM. WHITE.

Raleigh, ct. 06, 1856. 92—

NOTICE.

AS I HAVE DETERMINED TO REMOVE SOUTH, I now offer my valuable tract of land for sale, containing four Hundred Acres, of which about one hundred and fifty acres are in a fine state of cultivation. The balance is well wooded and good arable land.

Said land has on it a first-rate dwel